Registered number: SC677603

SCOTHALL LIMITED
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2025

Scothall Limited
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Scothall Limited
Balance Sheet
As At 31 October 2025

Registered number: SC677603

	Notes	2025 £	2025 £	2024 £	2024 £
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	**4**		14,745		19,344
			14,745		19,344
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	**5**	73,246		78,193	
Cash at bank and in hand		8,011		5,050	
		81,257		83,243	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	**6**	(21,633)		(17,815)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			59,624		65,428
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			74,369		84,772
NET ASSETS			74,369		84,772
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	**7**		1		1
Profit and Loss Account			74,368		84,771
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			74,369		84,772

For the year ending 31 October 2025 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

Mr Scott Halliday

Director
24/07/2026

The notes on pages 3 to 4 form part of these financial statements.

1. General Information

Scothall Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in Scotland, registered number SC677603 . The registered office is 76 Port Street, Stirling, FK8 2LP.

2. Accounting Policies

2.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 section 1A Small Entities "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006.

2.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

2.3. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Plant & Machinery	20% Reducing Balance
Motor Vehicles	25% Reducing Balance
Fixtures & Fittings	20% Reducing Balance

2.4. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflect the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss for the year, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case current and deferred tax are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

3. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was: 2 (2024: 2)

4. Tangible Assets

	Plant & Machinery	Motor Vehicles	Fixtures & Fittings	Total
	£	£	£	£
Cost				
As at 1 November 2024	8,220	26,000	3,300	37,520
As at 31 October 2025	8,220	26,000	3,300	37,520
Depreciation				
As at 1 November 2024	4,853	11,375	1,948	18,176
Provided during the period	673	3,656	270	4,599
As at 31 October 2025	5,526	15,031	2,218	22,775
Net Book Value				
As at 31 October 2025	2,694	10,969	1,082	14,745
As at 1 November 2024	3,367	14,625	1,352	19,344

5. Debtors

	2025	2024
	£	£
Due within one year		
Trade debtors	20,644	18,186
Other debtors	52,602	60,007
	73,246	78,193

6. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year

	2025	2024
	£	£
Trade creditors	4,391	6,364
Other creditors	-	3,800
Taxation and social security	17,242	7,651
	21,633	17,815

7. Share Capital

	2025	2024
	£	£
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	1	1

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.