Registered number: SC634591

SKYRAY CONVENIENCE LTD
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

FNS Accounting

Skyray Convenience Ltd
Unaudited Financial Statements
For The Year Ended 31 August 2022

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Skyray Convenience Ltd
Balance Sheet
As at 31 August 2022

Registered number: SC634591

	Notes	2022 £	2022 £	2021 £	2021 £
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	**4**		14,953		18,691
			14,953		18,691
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	**5**	70,384		55,384	
Cash at bank and in hand		14,774		6,894	
		85,158		62,278	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	**6**	(60,054)		(32,578)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			25,104		29,700
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			40,057		48,391
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year	**7**		(38,984)		(50,000)
NET ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)			1,073		(1,609)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	**8**		100		100
Profit and Loss Account			973		(1,709)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			1,073		(1,609)

For the year ending 31 August 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

Mr Asif Mohammed

Director
17/05/2023

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these financial statements.

Skyray Convenience Ltd
Notes to the Financial Statements
For The Year Ended 31 August 2022

1. General Information

Skyray Convenience Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in Scotland, registered number SC634591 . The registered office is 43-45 Skerray Street, Glasgow, G22 7PY.

2. Accounting Policies

2.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 section 1A Small Entities "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006

2.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

2.3. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Motor Vehicles	4000.00
Fixtures & Fittings	21445.00

2.4. Stocks and Work in Progress

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads. Work-in-progress is reflected in the accounts on a contract by contract basis by recording turnover and related costs as contract activity progresses.

2.5. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

2.6. **Government Grant**

Government grants are recognised in the profit and loss account in an appropriate manner that matches them with the expenditure towards which they are intended to contribute.

Grants for immediate financial support or to cover costs already incurred are recognised immediately in the profit and loss account. Grants towards general activities of the entity over a specific period are recognised in the profit and loss account over that period.

Grants towards fixed assets are recognised over the expected useful lives of the related assets and are treated as deferred income and released to the profit and loss account over the useful life of the asset concerned.

All grants in the profit and loss account are recognised when all conditions for receipt have been complied with.

3. **Average Number of Employees**

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows: 6 (2021: 6)

4. **Tangible Assets**

	Motor Vehicles	Fixtures & Fittings	Total
	£	£	£
Cost			
As at 1 September 2021	4,000	25,925	29,925
As at 31 August 2022	4,000	25,925	29,925
Depreciation			
As at 1 September 2021	1,600	9,634	11,234
Provided during the period	480	3,258	3,738
As at 31 August 2022	2,080	12,892	14,972
Net Book Value			
As at 31 August 2022	1,920	13,033	14,953
As at 1 September 2021	2,400	16,291	18,691

Included above are assets held under finance leases with a net book value as follows:

The analysis of the cost or valuation of the above assets is as follows:

	Motor Vehicles	Fixtures & Fittings	Total
	£	£	£
At cost	4,000	25,925	29,925
	4,000	25,925	29,925

5. **Stocks**

	2022	2021
	£	£
Stock	70,384	-
Stock	-	55,384
	70,384	55,384

6. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year

	2022	2021
	£	£
Trade creditors	16,588	17,572
Corporation tax	629	1,567
PAYE	193	104
VAT	940	802
Accruals expenses	5,560	4,060
Director's loan account	36,144	8,473
	60,054	32,578

7. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year

	2022	2021
	£	£
Bank loans	38,984	50,000
	38,984	50,000

8. Share Capital

	2022	2021
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	100	100

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.