Registered number: SC546721

F.A.M. TRADING (SCOTLAND) LTD
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2024

F.A.M. TRADING (SCOTLAND) LTD
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F.A.M. TRADING (SCOTLAND) LTD
Balance Sheet
As At 30 November 2024

Registered number: SC546721

	Notes	2024 £	2024 £	2023 £	2023 £
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	4		96,712		98,008
			96,712		98,008
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	5	25,000		7,233	
Cash at bank and in hand		7,964		8,632	
		32,964		15,865	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	6	(15,268)		(35,578)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			17,696		(19,713)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			114,408		78,295
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year	7		(77,411)		(35,988)
NET ASSETS			36,997		42,307
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	8		22		-
Profit and Loss Account			36,975		42,307
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			36,997		42,307

For the year ending 30 November 2024 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

Mr Francesco Agus

Director
28/03/2025

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these financial statements.

1. General Information

F.A.M. TRADING (SCOTLAND) LTD is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in Scotland, registered number SC546721 . The registered office is 8 Douglas Park, Dunfermline, KY12 9YE.

2. Accounting Policies

2.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 section 1A Small Entities "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006.

2.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

2.3. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Freehold	No depreciation
Plant & Machinery	25% Straight Line
Computer Equipment	25% Straight Line

2.4. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflect the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss for the year, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case current and deferred tax are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

3. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was: 2 (2023:)

4. **Tangible Assets**

	Land & Property Freehold	Plant & Machinery	Computer Equipment	Total
	£	£	£	£
Cost				
As at 1 December 2023	90,000	8,008	-	98,008
Additions	-	-	833	833
As at 30 November 2024	90,000	8,008	833	98,841
Depreciation				
As at 1 December 2023	-	-	-	-
Provided during the period	-	2,042	87	2,129
As at 30 November 2024	-	2,042	87	2,129
Net Book Value				
As at 30 November 2024	90,000	5,966	746	96,712
As at 1 December 2023	90,000	8,008	-	98,008

5. **Debtors**

	2024	2023
	£	£
Due within one year		
Trade debtors	-	7,233
Due after more than one year		
Other debtors	25,000	-
	25,000	7,233

6. **Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year**

	2024	2023
	£	£
Trade creditors	245	(1)
Bank loans and overdrafts	14,455	33,698
Other creditors	89	-
Taxation and social security	479	1,881
	15,268	35,578

7. **Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year**

	2024	2023
	£	£
Bank loans	59,557	35,988
Other creditors	17,854	-
	77,411	35,988

8. **Share Capital**

	2024	2023
	£	£
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	22	-

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.