Registered number: SC525713

DANRO JOINERY SCOTLAND LTD
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Donoghue & Co. Ltd

19a Wellside Place
Falkirk
FK1 5RL

Danro Joinery Scotland Ltd
Financial Statements
For The Year Ended 30 June 2021

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Danro Joinery Scotland Ltd
Balance Sheet
As at 30 June 2021

Registered number: SC525713

	Notes	2021 £	2021 £	2020 £	2020 £
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	**3**		543		679
			543		679
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	**4**	2,970		-	
Debtors	**5**	-		2,986	
Cash at bank and in hand		5,244		16,545	
		8,214		19,531	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	**6**	(11,414)		(20,208)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			(3,200)		(677)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			(2,657)		2
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year	**7**		(9,824)		-
NET (LIABILITIES)/ASSETS			(12,481)		2
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	**8**		100		100
Profit and Loss Account			(12,581)		(98)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			(12,481)		2

For the year ending 30 June 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.
- The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

Mr Steven Ferguson

Director
31st March 2022

The notes on pages 4 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

1. Accounting Policies

1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

1.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

1.3. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Plant & Machinery	20% Reducing balance

1.4. Stocks and Work in Progress

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads. Work-in-progress is reflected in the accounts on a contract by contract basis by recording turnover and related costs as contract activity progresses.

1.5. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

2. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows:

	2021	2020
Office and administration	1	1
Sales, marketing and distribution	1	1
Manufacturing	1	1
	3	3

3. Tangible Assets

	Plant & Machinery
	£
Cost	
As at 1 July 2020	849
As at 30 June 2021	849
Depreciation	
As at 1 July 2020	170
Provided during the period	136
As at 30 June 2021	306
Net Book Value	
As at 30 June 2021	543
As at 1 July 2020	679

4. Stocks

	2021	2020
	£	£
Work in progress	2,970	-
	2,970	-

5. Debtors

	2021	2020
	£	£
Due within one year		
Trade debtors	-	2,755
Other taxes and social security	-	231
	-	2,986

6. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year

	2021	2020
	£	£
Trade creditors	640	630
Corporation tax	-	710
Other taxes and social security	2,226	-
Other creditors	3,256	13,480
Accruals and deferred income	150	-
Directors' loan accounts	5,142	5,388
	11,414	20,208

7. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year

	2021	2020
	£	£
Other creditors	9,824	-
	9,824	-

8. Share Capital

	2021	2020
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	100	100

9. General Information

Danro Joinery Scotland Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in Scotland, registered number SC525713 . The registered office is 36 Parkend Crescent, Shieldhill, Falkirk, FK1 2EL.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.