

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: SC517618

Nation Radio Scotland Limited

Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements

31 December 2023

Nation Radio Scotland Limited

Financial Statements

Year ended 31 December 2023

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Nation Radio Scotland Limited

Statement of Financial Position

31 December 2023

	Note	2023 £	2022 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	5	–	635
Current assets			
Debtors	6	343,343	227,971
Cash at bank and in hand		21,160	38,814
		364,503	266,785
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(341,287)	(164,700)
Net current assets		23,216	102,085
Total assets less current liabilities		23,216	102,720
Net assets		23,216	102,720
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	9	1,429	1,429
Profit and loss account		21,787	101,291
Shareholders funds		23,216	102,720

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 December 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476 ;
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 11 July 2024 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

J. S. Bryant

Director

Company registration number: SC517618

Nation Radio Scotland Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 December 2023

1. General information

The company is a private company Limited by shares, registered in Scotland. The address of the registered office is 272 Bath Street, Glasgow, G2 4JR, Scotland.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss. The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Going concern

The director has a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue operational existence for the foreseeable future. For this reason, the director continues to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, stated net of discounts and of Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods and services is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods, the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity, and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fixtures, Fittings & Equipment	-	£21.11 per month straight line commencing from Jan 2022
Technical Equipment	-	£53.60 per month straight line commencing from Jan 2022

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

4. Tax on loss

Major components of tax income

	2023	2022
	£	£
Deferred tax:		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	(275)	(621)
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Tax on loss	(275)	(621)
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5. Tangible assets

	Fixtures, Fittings & Equipment £	Technical Equipment £	Total £
Cost			
At 1 January 2023 and 31 December 2023	760	1,930	2,690
Depreciation			
At 1 January 2023	634	1,421	2,055
Charge for the year	126	509	635
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At 31 December 2023	760	1,930	2,690
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Carrying amount			
At 31 December 2023	—	—	—
	---	---	---
At 31 December 2022	126	509	635
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6. Debtors

	2023 £	2022 £
Trade debtors	11,989	13,188
Amounts owed by group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest	309,405	192,430
Other debtors	21,949	22,353
	-----	-----
	343,343	227,971
	-----	-----

Other debtors include an amount of £nil (2022 - £nil) falling due after more than one year.

7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2023 £	2022 £
Trade creditors	26,352	41,490
Amounts owed to group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest	290,124	99,429
Social security and other taxes	4,701	—
Other creditors	20,110	23,781
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	341,287	164,700
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The Barclays Bank PLC bank facilities are secured by a floating charge, dated 18 October 2020, over the assets of the company.

8. Deferred tax

The deferred tax included in the statement of financial position is as follows:

	2023 £	2022 £
Included in debtors (note 6)	2,767	2,492
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The deferred tax account consists of the tax effect of timing differences in respect of:		
	2023 £	2022 £
Accelerated capital allowances	—	121
Provisions	(2,767)	(2,613)
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(2,767)

(2,492)

9. Called up share capital

Issued, called up and fully paid

	2023		2022	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £ 0.10 each	14,288	1,429	14,288	1,429

10. Related party transactions

During the year the company was under the control of Nation Broadcasting Limited a company of which J.S. Bryant is executive chairman and majority shareholder. During the year the company has traded at an arms length basis with other subsidiaries of Nation Broadcasting Limited. The company has claimed the exemption under FRS 102 Section 33 not to disclose the value of intergroup transactions with other wholly owned subsidiaries.

11. Controlling party

The company is a 100% subsidiary of Nation Broadcasting Limited, a company registered in England and Wales. Group accounts are not prepared because the group is small and is not an ineligible group as defined in Section 384 of the Companies Act 2006.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.