Registered number
SC505521

Christie Gillespie Consulting Engineers Limited

Filleted Accounts

31 May 2025

Christie Gillespie Consulting Engineers Limited

Registered number: SC505521

Balance Sheet

as at 31 May 2025

	Notes		2025		2024
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		1,398		1,817
Current assets					
Stocks		30,000		30,000	
Debtors	4	169,228		269,468	
Cash at bank and in hand		47,852		79,317	
		247,080		378,785	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(129,031)		(196,184)	
Net current assets			118,049		182,601
Total assets less current liabilities			119,447		184,418
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	6		(70,730)		(97,060)
Net assets			48,717		87,358
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			2		2
Profit and loss account			48,715		87,356
Shareholder's funds			48,717		87,358

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

A Christie

Director

Approved by the board on 17 October 2025

Christie Gillespie Consulting Engineers Limited

Notes to the Accounts

for the year ended 31 May 2025

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Fixtures & fittings	20% Straight Line Method

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2	**Employees**	**2025**	**2024**
		Number	**Number**
	Average number of persons employed by the company	17	19

3	**Tangible fixed assets**	
		Fixtures & Fittings
		£
	Cost	
	At 1 June 2024	2,097
	At 31 May 2025	2,097
	Depreciation	
	At 1 June 2024	280
	Charge for the year	419
	At 31 May 2025	699
	Net book value	
	At 31 May 2025	1,398
	At 31 May 2024	1,817

4	**Debtors**	**2025**	**2024**
		£	**£**
	Trade debtors	168,978	269,468
	Other debtors	250	-
		169,228	269,468

5	**Creditors: amounts falling due within one year**	**2025**	**2024**
		£	**£**
	Directors loan accounts	26,736	41,043
	Taxation and social security costs	82,393	127,138
	Provision of bad debts	14,842	20,427
	Other creditors	5,060	7,576
		129,031	196,184

6	**Creditors: amounts falling due after one year**	**2025**	**2024**
		£	**£**
	Bank loans	70,730	97,060

7 Other information

Christie Gillespie Consulting Engineers Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in Scotland. Its registered office is:

8 Fairykirk Road
Rosyth
Dunfermline
Fife, Scotland
KY11 2QQ

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.