Registered number
SC469521

RUJO LIMITED

Filleted Accounts

28 February 2022

RUJO LIMITED

Registered number: SC469521

Balance Sheet

as at 28 February 2022

	Notes		2022		2021
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		1,069		342
Investments	4		14,020		-
			15,089		342
Current assets					
Stocks		500		10,000	
Debtors	5	11,716		665	
Cash at bank and in hand		-		14,671	
		12,216		25,336	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(39,694)		(4,463)	
Net current (liabilities)/assets			(27,478)		20,873
Total assets less current liabilities			(12,389)		21,215
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8		-		(13,218)
Net (liabilities)/assets			(12,389)		7,997
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			(12,489)		7,897
Shareholder's funds			(12,389)		7,997

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

R Campbell

Director

Approved by the board on 28 February 2023

RUJO LIMITED

Notes to the Accounts

for the year ended 28 February 2022

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery	over 5 years

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that

are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

2 Employees

	2022 Number	2021 Number
Average number of persons employed by the company	1	1

3 Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and machinery etc £
Cost	
At 1 March 2021	4,551
Additions	1,542
At 28 February 2022	6,093
Depreciation	
At 1 March 2021	4,209
Charge for the year	815
At 28 February 2022	5,024
Net book value	
At 28 February 2022	1,069
At 28 February 2021	342

4 Investments

	Other investments £
Cost	
Additions	18,612
Revaluation	(2,195)
Disposals	(2,397)
At 28 February 2022	14,020

5 Debtors

	2022	2021
	£	£
Deferred tax asset	4,795	65
Other debtors	6,921	600
	11,716	665

6 Investments held as current assets

	2022	2021
	£	£
Fair value		
Increase/(decrease) in fair value included in the profit and loss account for the financial year		
Unlisted investments	(2,175)	-

7 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2022	2021
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	23,178	1,380
Trade creditors	13,594	5,307
Taxation and social security costs	2,920	(2,226)
Other creditors	2	2
	39,694	4,463

8 Creditors: amounts falling due after one year

	2022	2021
	£	£
Bank loans	-	11,810
Director's loan account	-	1,408
	-	13,218

9 Controlling party

The ultimate controlling party during the period: R Campbell
R Campbell holds 100% of the issued share capital and is deemed the ultimate controlling party.

Other information

RUJO LIMITED is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

Balbeggie House

Balbeggie Avenue

Kirkcaldy

Scotland
KY1 3NS

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.