

Registered Number SC451521

YOUR STYLE SLIDING DOORS LTD

Abbreviated Accounts

30 June 2016

Abbreviated Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2016

	<i>Notes</i>	<i>2016</i>	<i>2015</i>
		£	£
Called up share capital not paid		-	-
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	2	8,400	9,600
Tangible assets	3	440	210
Investments		-	-
		<u>8,840</u>	<u>9,810</u>
Current assets			
Stocks		11,000	16,000
Debtors		9,467	15,992
Investments		-	-
Cash at bank and in hand		33,732	16,024
		<u>54,199</u>	<u>48,016</u>
Prepayments and accrued income		-	-
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(18,334)	(32,459)
Net current assets (liabilities)		<u>35,865</u>	<u>15,557</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>44,705</u>	<u>25,367</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		0	0
Provisions for liabilities		0	(42)
Accruals and deferred income		0	0
Total net assets (liabilities)		<u>44,705</u>	<u>25,325</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	4	100	100
Share premium account		0	0
Revaluation reserve		0	0
Other reserves		0	0
Profit and loss account		44,605	25,225
Shareholders' funds		<u>44,705</u>	<u>25,325</u>

- For the year ending 30 June 2016 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.
- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the Board on 27 March 2017

And signed on their behalf by:

Richard Heffron, Director

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the period ended 30 June 2016

1 Accounting Policies

Basis of measurement and preparation of accounts

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities effective January 2015.

Turnover policy

Turnover represents the total invoice value, excluding value added tax, of sales made during the year and derives from the provision of goods falling within the company's ordinary activities.

Tangible assets depreciation policy

Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less residual value of each asset over its expected useful life as follows:

Fixtures, fittings

And equipment - 20% reducing balance

Computer equipment - 3 years straight line

Intangible assets amortisation policy

Goodwill

Acquired goodwill is written off in equal instalments over its estimated useful life of 10 years.

Other accounting policies

Stock

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more, tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to that extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacements are sold;

Provision is made for deferred tax that would arise on the remittance of the retained earnings of overseas subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, dividends have been accrued as receivable;

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying

timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on a undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

2 Intangible fixed assets

	£
Cost	
At 1 July 2015	12,000
Additions	0
Disposals	0
Revaluations	0
Transfers	0
At 30 June 2016	<u>12,000</u>
Amortisation	
At 1 July 2015	2,400
Charge for the year	1,200
On disposals	0
At 30 June 2016	<u>3,600</u>
Net book values	
At 30 June 2016	<u>8,400</u>
At 30 June 2015	<u>9,600</u>

3 Tangible fixed assets

	£
Cost	
At 1 July 2015	630
Additions	550
Disposals	0
Revaluations	0
Transfers	0
At 30 June 2016	<u>1,180</u>
Depreciation	
At 1 July 2015	420
Charge for the year	320
On disposals	0
At 30 June 2016	<u>740</u>
Net book values	
At 30 June 2016	<u>440</u>
At 30 June 2015	<u>210</u>

4 Called Up Share Capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

	<i>2016</i>	<i>2015</i>
	<i>£</i>	<i>£</i>
100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100

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