REGISTERED NUMBER: SC394921

BARRASTON CONTRACTS LIMITED

UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

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FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

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BARRASTON CONTRACTS LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: SC394921)

BALANCE SHEET
31 MARCH 2022

	Notes	2022 £	£	2021 £	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	4		-		-
Tangible assets	5		**336,145**		292,410
			336,145		292,410
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	6	**242,175**		127,456	
Cash at bank		**279,152**		272,487	
		521,327		399,943	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	7	**193,920**		185,474	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			**327,407**		214,469
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			**663,552**		506,879
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than one year	8		**(89,945)**		(60,562)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			**(72,657)**		(46,974)
NET ASSETS			**500,950**		399,343
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital			**100**		100
Retained earnings			**500,850**		399,243
			500,950		399,343

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 March 2022.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

(a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and

(b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The notes form part of these financial statements

continued...

BALANCE SHEET - continued
31 MARCH 2022

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Profit and Loss Account has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 16 December 2022 and were signed on its behalf by:

Mr R Gillespie - Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Barraston Contracts Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in Scotland. The address of the registered office is 10 Barraston Holdings, Torrance, Glasgow, Strathclyde, G64 4DW.

The financial statements are presented in Sterling (£).

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements
The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" of Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. There were no material departures from the standard. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Judgements
The company considers on an annual basis the judgements that are made by management when applying its significant accounting policies that would have the most significant effect on amounts that are recognised in the financial statements. The directors consider there are no such significant judgements.

Turnover
Turnover represents the invoice value of goods sold and services rendered, excluding value added tax. The company's policy is to recognise a sale when substantively all the risks and rewards in connection with the goods and services have been passed to the buyer.

Goodwill
Goodwill, being the amount paid in connection with the acquisition of a business in 2012, is being amortised evenly over its estimated useful life of ten years.

Tangible fixed assets
Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its estimated useful life.
Plant and machinery etc - 25% on reducing balance

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Impairment of non-financial assets
At each reporting date non-financial assets not carried at fair value, like goodwill and plant and equipment, are reviewed to determine whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If there is an indication of possible impairment, the recoverable amount which is the higher of the value in use and the fair value less cost to sell, is estimated and compared with the carrying amount. If the recoverable amount is lower, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount and an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit and loss.

Government grants
Government grants relating to revenue are recognised in income on a systematic basis over the periods in which the entity recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate. Grants that become receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the entity with no future related costs shall be recognised in income in the period in which it becomes receivable.

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2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Financial instruments
The company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other accounts receivable and payable and loans from banks and loans from related parties.

Debt instruments like loans and other accounts receivable and payable are initially measured at present value of the future payments and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade debtors and trade creditors, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received.

Financial assets measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for evidence of impairment and if found, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the liability is extinguished, that is when the contractual obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts, when applicable, are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

Taxation
Taxation represents the sum of tax currently payable and deferred tax. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The charge for taxation takes into account taxation deferred as a result of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. In general, deferred taxation is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date. However, deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider it to be more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted. Deferred taxation is measured on a non-discounted basis at the average tax rates which would apply when the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted by the balance sheet date.

With the exception of changes arising on the initial recognition of a business combination, the tax expense is presented either in profit or loss, other comprehensive income or statement of changes in equity depending on the transaction that resulted in the tax expense.

Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors.

Hire purchase commitments
Assets purchased under finance leases and hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account over the relevant period.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits
The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

Provisions
Provisions are recognised when the company has a legal or constructive obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the company will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be reliably estimated. Provisions are recognised at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date.

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3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 10 (2021 - 9) .

4. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Goodwill £
COST	
At 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022	50,000
AMORTISATION	
At 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022	50,000
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 March 2022	-
At 31 March 2021	-

5. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Plant and machinery etc £
COST	
At 1 April 2021	1,008,199
Additions	151,950
Disposals	(19,312)
At 31 March 2022	1,140,837
DEPRECIATION	
At 1 April 2021	715,789
Charge for year	104,779
Eliminated on disposal	(15,876)
At 31 March 2022	804,692
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 March 2022	336,145
At 31 March 2021	292,410

Included above is £122,981 (2021: £68,974) carrying value of assets for which the company has pledged security.

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6. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2022	2021
	£	£
Trade debtors	**203,884**	125,019
Other debtors	**38,291**	2,437
	242,175	127,456

7. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2022	2021
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	**10,000**	8,333
Hire purchase contracts	**38,426**	38,248
Trade creditors	**50,213**	29,184
Taxation and social security	**64,144**	78,737
Other creditors	**31,137**	30,972
	193,920	185,474

8. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

	2022	2021
	£	£
Bank loans	**31,667**	41,667
Hire purchase contracts	**58,278**	18,895
	89,945	60,562

Amounts falling due in more than five years:

Repayable by instalments		
Bank loans	**-**	1,667

9. SECURED DEBTS

The following secured debts are included within creditors:

	2022	2021
	£	£
Hire purchase contracts	**96,704**	57,143

Hire purchase agreements are secured against the assets to which the specific agreements relate.

10. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Included in creditors is an amount owed to the directors of £27,575 (2021: £28,889). These loans are interest free, unsecured and no repayment terms have been established.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.