Registered Number SC380107

Hamilton Parker Property Limited

Abbreviated Accounts

30 June 2011

Hamilton Parker Property Limited **Registered Number SC380107**

Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2011

	Notes	2011	
		£	£
Fixed assets	2		
Tangible			13,612
			13,612
Current assets			
Debtors		11,464	
Cash at bank and in hand		19,635	
Total current assets		31,099	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(126,549)	
Net current assets (liabilities)			(95,450)
Total assets less current liabilities			(81,838)
Total net assets (liabilities)			(81,838)
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	4		100
Profit and loss account			(81,938)
Shareholders funds			(81,838)

a. For the year ending 30 June 2011 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.
b. The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
c. The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
d. These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the board on 07 March 2012

And signed on their behalf by:
Mr K Dalgarno, Director

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1068 of the Companies Act 2006.

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

For the year ending 30 June 2011

1 **Accounting policies**

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

Turnover

In respect contracts for on-going services, turnover represents fees and commission earned on work done in the year in accordance with UITF 40 and is stated net of VAT.

Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions: Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted. Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Fixed Assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Financial Instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Going Concern The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which assumes that the company will continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Whilst the directors deem this appropriate, the validity of this basis depends on the continued

support of the directors. The financial statements do not include any adjustment that would arise from the support being withdrawn.

Depreciation

Depreciation has been provided at the following rates in order to write off the assets over their estimated useful lives.

Fixtures & Fittings	20%	Straight Line
Motor Vehicles	25%	Straight Line
Equipment	33.33%	Straight Line

2 **Fixed Assets**

		Tangible Assets	Total
Cost or valuation		**£**	**£**
Additions	-	18,388	18,388
At 30 June 2011	-	18,388	18,388
Depreciation			
Charge for year	-	4,776	4,776
At 30 June 2011	-	4,776	4,776
Net Book Value			
At 30 June 2011		13,612	13,612

3 **Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year**

4 **Share capital**

	2011
	£
Authorised share capital:	
1000 Ordinary of £1 each	1,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid:	
100 Ordinary of £1 each	100
Ordinary shares issued in the year:	

100 Ordinary of £1 each were issued in the year with a nominal value of £100, for a consideration of £100