Company Registration No. SC355721 (Scotland)

# FRC ENGINEERING LIMITED

## UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2018

## PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

## FRC ENGINEERING LIMITED

### CONTENTS


| | Page |
|---|---|
| Balance sheet | 1 |
| Notes to the financial statements | 2 - 4 |

# FRC ENGINEERING LIMITED

## BALANCE SHEET

### *AS AT 28 FEBRUARY 2018*

| | Notes | 2018 £ | 2018 £ | 2017 £ | 2017 £ |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Fixed assets** | | | | | |
| Tangible assets | **2** | | 390 | | 555 |
| **Current assets** | | | | | |
| Cash at bank and in hand | | 21,965 | | 38,223 | |
| **Creditors: amounts falling due within one year** | **3** | (14,505) | | (29,304) | |
| **Net current assets** | | | 7,460 | | 8,919 |
| **Total assets less current liabilities** | | | 7,850 | | 9,474 |
| **Capital and reserves** | | | | | |
| Called up share capital | **4** | | 100 | | 100 |
| Profit and loss reserves | | | 7,750 | | 9,374 |
| **Total equity** | | | 7,850 | | 9,474 |

The director of the company has elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 28 February 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 20 November 2018

G McLean
**Director**

**Company Registration No. SC355721**

## 1 Accounting policies

**Company information**

FRC Engineering Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in Scotland. The registered office is 227 West George Street, GLASGOW, G2 2ND.

### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

### 1.2 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

| | |
|---|---|
| Plant and machinery | 25% reducing balance |
| Computer equipment | 33% reducing balance |

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

### 1.3 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

**1 Accounting policies** **(Continued)**

Recognised impairment losses are reversed if, and only if, the reasons for the impairment loss have ceased to apply. Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

**1.4 Cash at bank and in hand**

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand and deposits held at call with banks .

**1.5 Financial instruments**

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

***Basic financial assets***

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

***Classification of financial liabilities***

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

***Basic financial liabilities***

Basic financial liabilities, including certain creditors, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

**1.6 Equity instruments**

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

2 **Tangible fixed assets**

| | Plant and machinery etc |
|---|---|
| | £ |
| **Cost** | |
| At 1 March 2017 and 28 February 2018 | 2,034 |
| **Depreciation and impairment** | |
| At 1 March 2017 | 1,478 |
| Depreciation charged in the year | 166 |
| At 28 February 2018 | 1,644 |
| **Carrying amount** | |
| At 28 February 2018 | 390 |
| At 28 February 2017 | 555 |

3 **Creditors: amounts falling due within one year**

| | 2018 | 2017 |
|---|---|---|
| | £ | £ |
| Other creditors | 14,505 | 29,304 |

4 **Called up share capital**

| | 2018 | 2017 |
|---|---|---|
| | £ | £ |
| **Ordinary share capital** | | |
| **Issued and fully paid** | | |
| 100 Ordinary Shares of £1 each | 100 | 100 |
| | 100 | 100 |

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.