Registered Number SC299290

# O G SPORTS LIMITED

## Abbreviated Accounts

## 31 March 2013

**O G SPORTS LIMITED** **Registered Number SC299290**

## Abbreviated Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2013

| | *Notes* | *2013* | *2012* |
|---|---|---|---|
| | | £ | £ |
| **Current assets** | | | |
| Stocks | | 1,494 | 850 |
| Debtors | | 5,519 | 4,929 |
| Cash at bank and in hand | | 4,788 | 6,882 |
| | | 11,801 | 12,661 |
| **Creditors: amounts falling due within one year** | | (3,207) | (4,640) |
| **Net current assets (liabilities)** | | 8,594 | 8,021 |
| **Total assets less current liabilities** | | 8,594 | 8,021 |
| **Total net assets (liabilities)** | | 8,594 | 8,021 |
| **Capital and reserves** | | | |
| Called up share capital | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Profit and loss account | | 8,592 | 8,019 |
| **Shareholders' funds** | | 8,594 | 8,021 |

- For the year ending 31 March 2013 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.
- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the Board on 30 December 2013

And signed on their behalf by:
**Mr G Ginestri, Director**

## Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the period ended 31 March 2013

### 1 Accounting Policies

**Basis of measurement and preparation of accounts**
The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities effective April 2008.

**Turnover policy**
The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year.

In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

**Other accounting policies**
Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

### 2 Called Up Share Capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

| | *2013* | *2012* |
|---|---|---|
| | £ | £ |
| 2 Ordinary shares of £1 each | 2 | 2 |

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the Companies Act 2006.