COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER SC298939

THE CHAPTERHOUSE PARTNERSHIP LIMITED

UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

30 APRIL 2016

RITSONS
Chartered Accountants
1a Cluny Square
Buckie
Moray
AB56 1AH

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SCT 01/09/2016 #212
COMPANIES HOUSE

THE CHAPTERHOUSE PARTNERSHIP LIMITED

ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2016

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THE CHAPTERHOUSE PARTNERSHIP LIMITED

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

30 APRIL 2016

	Note	2016 £	2015 £
FIXED ASSETS	3		
Intangible assets		15,835	17,595
Tangible assets		273,881	289,295
		289,716	306,890
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stocks		1,105	1,105
Debtors		645	-
Cash at bank and in hand		1,193	2,513
		2,943	3,618
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year		372,859	375,125
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		(369,916)	(371,507)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		(80,200)	(64,617)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES		5,250	8,326
		(85,450)	(72,943)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up equity share capital	4	2	2
Profit and loss account		(85,452)	(72,945)
DEFICIT		(85,450)	(72,943)

For the year ended 30 April 2016 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 25/8/16, and are signed on their behalf by:

Mr P F Grayden

Company Registration Number: SC298939

The notes on pages 2 to 3 form part of these abbreviated accounts.

THE CHAPTERHOUSE PARTNERSHIP LIMITED

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2016

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2015).

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year.

In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Goodwill	-	10% pa, reducing balance

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Freehold Property	-	4% pa, reducing balance
Plant & Machinery	-	15% pa, reducing balance
Fixtures & Fittings	-	15% pa, reducing balance
Motor Vehicles	-	25% pa, reducing balance
Office Equipment	-	15% pa, reducing balance

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

2. GOING CONCERN

Despite the deficit position, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence in the foreseeable future.

3. FIXED ASSETS

	Intangible Assets	Tangible Assets	Total
	£	£	£
COST			
At 1 May 2015	45,000	521,719	566,719
Additions	–	2,206	2,206
At 30 April 2016	45,000	523,925	568,925
DEPRECIATION			
At 1 May 2015	27,405	232,424	259,829
Charge for year	1,760	17,620	19,380
At 30 April 2016	29,165	250,044	279,209
NET BOOK VALUE			
At 30 April 2016	15,835	273,881	289,716
At 30 April 2015	17,595	289,295	306,890

4. SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

	2016		2015	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2	2	2

THE CHAPTERHOUSE PARTNERSHIP LIMITED

ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT TO THE DIRECTORS OF THE CHAPTERHOUSE PARTNERSHIP LIMITED

YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2016

In accordance with our terms of engagement, and in order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared the financial statements of the company on pages 1 to 3 from the accounting records and information and explanations supplied to us.

This report is made to the Company's Directors, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement. Our work has been undertaken to enable us to prepare the financial statements on behalf of the Company's Directors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's Directors, as a body, for our work or for this report.

We have carried out this engagement in accordance with best practice guidance issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Scotland and have complied with the ethical guidance laid down by the Institute relating to members undertaking the preparation of financial statements.

You have acknowledged on the balance sheet as at 30 April 2016 your duty to ensure that the company has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare financial statements that give a true and fair view under the Companies Act 2006. You consider that the company is exempt from the statutory requirement for an audit for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit of the financial statements. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the financial statements.

RITSONS
Chartered Accountants

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Moray
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