Registered Number SC294994

Highland Greenhouse Construction Ltd

Abbreviated Accounts

31 January 2016

Highland Greenhouse Construction Ltd **Registered Number SC294994**

Balance Sheet as at 31 January 2016

	Notes	2016		2015	
	2	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets	3				
Tangible			0		557
			0		557
Current assets					
Debtors		8,029		6,231	
Cash at bank and in hand		1		4	
Total current assets		8,030		6,235	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(8,029)		(7,631)	
Net current assets (liabilities)			1		(1,396)
Total assets less current liabilities			1		(839)
Provisions for liabilities			0		(111)
Total net assets (liabilities)			1		(950)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	5		1		1
Profit and loss account			0		(951)

Shareholders funds	1	(950)

a. For the year ending 31 January 2016 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.
b. The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
c. The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
d. These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the board on 18 March 2016

And signed on their behalf by:
Mr M S Findlater, Director

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1068 of the Companies Act 2006.

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

For the year ending 31 January 2016

1 **Accounting policies**

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2015).

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax, in respect of greenhouse construction services. In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions: Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the director considers that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted. Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Fixed Assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Financial Instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities. Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or

losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability. Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

Depreciation

Depreciation has been provided at the following rates in order to write off the assets over their estimated useful lives.

Fixtures & Fittings	25% straight line
Equipment	25% straight line

2 **Exchange rate**

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

3 **Fixed Assets**

	Tangible Assets	Total
Cost or valuation	**£**	**£**
At 01 February 2015	2,753	2,753
Disposals	(2,753)	(2,753)
At 31 January 2016	0	0
Depreciation		
At 01 February 2015	2,196	2,196
Charge for year	196	196
On disposals	(2,392)	(2,392)
At 31 January 2016	0	0

Net Book Value		
At 31 January 2016	0	0
At 31 January 2015	557	557

4 **Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year**

5 **Share capital**

	2016	2015
	£	£
Authorised share capital:		
1000 Ordinary of £1 each	1,000	1,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid:		
1 Ordinary of £1 each	1	1