Registered number
SC284591

Lambrecht Ltd

Filleted Accounts

31 May 2025

Lambrecht Ltd

Registered number: SC284591

Balance Sheet

as at 31 May 2025

	Notes		2025		2024
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		405,399		387,784
Current assets					
Debtors	4	30,245		47,628	
Cash at bank and in hand		108,798		125,366	
		139,043		172,994	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(225,425)		(110,116)	
Net current (liabilities)/assets			(86,382)		62,878
Total assets less current liabilities			319,017		450,662
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	6		(61,966)		(40,641)
Provisions for liabilities			(5,707)		(5,707)
Net assets			251,344		404,314
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			200		200
Profit and loss account			251,144		404,114
Shareholders' funds			251,344		404,314

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

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Director

Approved by the board on 10 December 2025

Lambrecht Ltd

Notes to the Accounts

for the year ended 31 May 2025

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative amortisation and any accumulative impairment losses.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Motor vehicles	25% reducing balance
Plant and machinery	20% reducing balance

Investments

Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures are measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Listed investments are measured at fair value. Unlisted investments are measured at fair value unless the value cannot be measured reliably, in which case they are measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Changes in fair value are included in the profit and loss account.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially

recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recognised at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. At the end of each reporting period foreign currency monetary items are translated at the closing rate of exchange. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost are translated at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are charged to profit or loss.

Leased assets

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use and obligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest rate method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the company's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term and its useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2 Employees	**2025**	**2024**

		Number	Number
	Average number of persons employed by the company	2	2

3 Tangible fixed assets

	Land and buildings	Plant and machinery etc	Motor vehicles	Total
	£	£	£	£
Cost				
At 1 June 2024	343,005	76,015	48,770	467,790
Additions	-	1,246	35,927	37,173
At 31 May 2025	343,005	77,261	84,697	504,963
Depreciation				
At 1 June 2024	-	58,669	21,337	80,006
Charge for the year	-	3,718	15,840	19,558
At 31 May 2025	-	62,387	37,177	99,564
Net book value				
At 31 May 2025	343,005	14,874	47,520	405,399
At 31 May 2024	343,005	17,346	27,433	387,784

4 Debtors

	2025	2024
	£	£
Trade debtors	122	6,816
Other debtors	30,123	40,812
	30,245	47,628

5 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2025	2024
	£	£
Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	15,998	10,638
Taxation and social security costs	2,152	1,812
Other creditors	207,275	97,666
	225,425	110,116

6 Creditors: amounts falling due after one year

	2025	2024
	£	£
Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	61,966	40,641

7 Other information

Lambrecht Ltd is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

Balvonie House

Halketburn Road

Skelmorlie

North Ayrshire

PA17 5BP

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.