

RL RATTRAY LIMITED
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL
STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2018
PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR



RL RATTRAY LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors	Mr S J Brown Mr S Devlin	(Appointed 1 February 2017)
Secretary	Ms L Emslie	
Company number	SC262213	
Registered office	Unit 11 Sandy Road PERTH PH2 6LJ	
Accountants	Johnston Carmichael LLP 66 Tay Street PERTH PH2 8RA	

RL RATTRAY LIMITED

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RL RATTRAY LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 JANUARY 2018

	Notes	2018 £	£	2017 £	£
Fixed assets					
Goodwill	3		2,000		4,000
Tangible assets	4		21,877		28,424
			<u>23,877</u>		<u>32,424</u>
Current assets					
Stocks		163,355		23,128	
Debtors	5	128,883		176,836	
Cash at bank and in hand		44,989		172,142	
		<u>337,227</u>		<u>372,106</u>	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(256,054)		(336,393)	
Net current assets			<u>81,173</u>		<u>35,713</u>
Total assets less current liabilities			105,050		68,137
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	7		(6,037)		(9,665)
Provisions for liabilities			<u>(3,023)</u>		<u>(3,941)</u>
Net assets			<u>95,990</u>		<u>54,531</u>
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	8		150		140
Profit and loss reserves			95,840		54,391
Total equity			<u>95,990</u>		<u>54,531</u>

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

RL RATTRAY LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 31 JANUARY 2018

For the financial year ended 31 January 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 11/6/18..... and are signed on its behalf by:



Mr S J Brown
Director

Company Registration No. SC262213

RL RATTRAY LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2018

1 Accounting policies

Company information

RL Rattray Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in Scotland. The registered office and business address is Unit 11, Sandy Road, PERTH, PH2 6LJ.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover represents the amounts receivable for plumbing services net of VAT and trade discounts. Revenue is recognised when the company has entitlement to the income in exchange for the provision of services.

1.3 Intangible fixed assets - goodwill

Acquired goodwill is written off in equal annual instalments over its estimated useful economic life which the directors estimate to be 5 years.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Plant and machinery	25% reducing balance
Fixtures, fittings & equipment	25% reducing balance
Motor vehicles	25% reducing balance

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.5 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

RL RATTRAY LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2018

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.6 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Stocks held for distribution at no or nominal consideration are measured at cost, adjusted where applicable for any loss of service potential.

At each reporting date, an assessment is made for impairment. Any excess of the carrying amount of stocks over its estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell is recognised as an impairment loss in profit or loss. Reversals of impairment losses are also recognised in profit or loss.

1.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand and deposits held at call with banks.

1.8 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are measured at transaction price including transaction costs.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, are recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.9 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.10 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

RL RATTRAY LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2018

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

1.11 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

1.12 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

1.13 Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessees. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised as assets at the lower of the assets fair value at the date of inception and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The related liability is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements. The interest is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to income on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the lease asset are consumed.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 15 (2017 - 15).

RL RATTRAY LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2018

3 Intangible fixed assets

Goodwill £

Cost

At 1 February 2017 and 31 January 2018

10,000

Amortisation and impairment

At 1 February 2017

6,000

Amortisation charged for the year

2,000

At 31 January 2018

8,000

Carrying amount

At 31 January 2018

2,000

At 31 January 2017

4,000

4 Tangible fixed assets

Plant and machinery etc £

Cost

At 1 February 2017

49,881

Additions

3,495

Disposals

(6,519)

At 31 January 2018

46,857

Depreciation and impairment

At 1 February 2017

21,457

Depreciation charged in the year

7,292

Eliminated in respect of disposals

(3,769)

At 31 January 2018

24,980

Carrying amount

At 31 January 2018

21,877

At 31 January 2017

28,424

RL RATTRAY LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2018

5 Debtors

	2018 £	2017 £
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Trade debtors	120,087	170,050
Other debtors	8,796	6,786
	<u>128,883</u>	<u>176,836</u>

6 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2018 £	2017 £
Trade creditors	182,453	214,333
Corporation tax	13,428	1,410
Other taxation and social security	7,552	44,392
Other creditors	52,621	76,258
	<u>256,054</u>	<u>336,393</u>

Obligations under finance lease or hire purchase contracts are secured over the related assets.

The aggregate amount of secured liabilities included within other creditors was £3,598 (2017 - £3,598).

7 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2018 £	2017 £
Other creditors	6,037	9,665
	<u>6,037</u>	<u>9,665</u>

Obligations under finance lease or hire purchase contracts are secured over the related assets.

The aggregate amount of secured liabilities included within other creditors was £6,037 (2017 - £9,665).

8 Called up share capital

	2018 £	2017 £
Ordinary share capital		
Issued and fully paid		
99 Ordinary shares of £1 each	99	99
10 Ordinary A shares of £1 each	10	10
10 Ordinary B shares of £1 each	10	10
31 Ordinary C shares of £1 each	31	21
	<u>150</u>	<u>140</u>

RL RATTRAY LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2018

8 Called up share capital (Continued)

Reconciliation of movements during the year:

	Ordinary Number	Ordinary A Number	Ordinary B Number	Ordinary C Number
At 1 February 2017	99	10	10	21
	-	-	-	10
At 31 January 2018	99	10	10	31

9 Operating lease commitments

Lessee

At the reporting end date the company had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, as follows:

2018	2017
£	£
5,500	6,370

10 Related party transactions

Amounts owed to/by related parties

The following amounts were outstanding at the reporting end date:

	Amount owed to		Amounts owed by	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	£	£	£	£
Key management personnel	26,979	35,538	-	-