

DRS CONSULTING ENGINEERS LTD
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 MARCH 2025

DRS CONSULTING ENGINEERS LTD

COMPANY INFORMATION

DIRECTOR Mr D R Spacey

REGISTERED NUMBER SC244792

REGISTERED OFFICE 23 Woodlands Road
Lundin Links
Leven
Fife
KY8 6HG

ACCOUNTANTS EQ Accountants Limited
Chartered Accountants
Pentland House
Saltire Centre
Glenrothes
Fife
KY6 2AH

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AS AT 30 MARCH 2025

		2025 £	2024 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	4	489	530
		<u>489</u>	<u>530</u>
Current assets			
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	5	7,909	26,158
Cash at bank and in hand		9,640	7,947
		<u>17,549</u>	<u>34,105</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(16,123)	(22,779)
Net current assets		<u>1,426</u>	<u>11,326</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>1,915</u>	<u>11,856</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	7	-	(943)
Net assets		<u><u>1,915</u></u>	<u><u>10,913</u></u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	8	100	100
Profit and loss account		1,815	10,813
		<u><u>1,915</u></u>	<u><u>10,913</u></u>

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED)
AS AT 30 MARCH 2025

The director considers that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 25 March 2026.

Mr D R Spacey
Director

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 MARCH 2025**

1. General information

DRS Consulting Engineers Limited is a private company, limited by shares and incorporated in Scotland, registration number SC244792. The registered office address 23 Woodlands Road, Lundin Links, Leven, Fife, KY8 6HG.

The financial statements are presented in Sterling which is the functional currency of the Company and rounded to the nearest £.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the requirements and the Companies Act 2006. The disclosure requirements of Section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Going concern

The company meets its day to day working capital requirements through loans provided by the director together with overdraft facilities. The director considers that the company will continue to operate with his support and the overdraft facilities in place and is not aware of any reason why the overdraft facility might be withdrawn. On this basis the director considers it appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

2.3 Turnover

Turnover is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the turnover can be reliably measured. Turnover is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before turnover is recognised:

Rendering of services

Turnover from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of turnover can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 MARCH 2025**

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the reporting date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

2.5 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Office equipment	- 15%-33.33% straight line
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The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 MARCH 2025**

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.6 Financial instruments

The Company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 "Basic Financial Instruments" of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the Company's Statement of financial position when the Company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 1 (2024 - 1).

4. Tangible fixed assets

	Office equipment £
Cost or valuation	
At 31 March 2024	10,032
Additions	420
Disposals	(1,205)
At 30 March 2025	9,247
Depreciation	
At 31 March 2024	9,502
Charge for the year on owned assets	461
Disposals	(1,205)
At 30 March 2025	8,758
Net book value	
At 30 March 2025	489
<i>At 30 March 2024</i>	530

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 MARCH 2025

5. Debtors

	2025 £	2024 £
Trade debtors	-	20,246
Deferred taxation	7,909	5,912
	<u>7,909</u>	<u>26,158</u>

6. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2025 £	2024 £
Bank overdrafts	-	748
Bank loans	-	281
Other taxation and social security	2,013	4,084
Other creditors	11,010	14,746
Accruals and deferred income	3,100	2,920
	<u>16,123</u>	<u>22,779</u>

7. Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year

	2025 £	2024 £
Bank loans	<u>-</u>	<u>943</u>

8. Share capital

	2025 £	2024 £
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
100 Ordinary shares of £1.00 each	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.