Company registration number SC244321 (Scotland)

# NORTH ROAD GARAGE LIMITED

## UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

## PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

# NORTH ROAD GARAGE LIMITED

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# NORTH ROAD GARAGE LIMITED

## BALANCE SHEET

### *AS AT 31 MARCH 2024*

| | Notes | 2024 £ | 2024 £ | 2023 £ | 2023 £ |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Fixed assets** | | | | | |
| Tangible assets | 3 | | 62,005 | | 58,115 |
| **Current assets** | | | | | |
| Stocks | | 148,061 | | 149,357 | |
| Debtors | 4 | 136,483 | | 137,863 | |
| Cash at bank and in hand | | 818,946 | | 635,124 | |
| | | 1,103,490 | | 922,344 | |
| **Creditors: amounts falling due within one year** | 5 | (224,336) | | (166,435) | |
| **Net current assets** | | | 879,154 | | 755,909 |
| **Total assets less current liabilities** | | | 941,159 | | 814,024 |
| **Provisions for liabilities** | | | (14,626) | | (13,654) |
| **Net assets** | | | 926,533 | | 800,370 |
| **Capital and reserves** | | | | | |
| Called up share capital | 6 | | 100 | | 100 |
| Profit and loss reserves | | | 926,433 | | 800,270 |
| **Total equity** | | | 926,533 | | 800,370 |

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 10 July 2024 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr A Campbell
**Director**

Mrs C Campbell
**Director**

Company registration number SC244321 (Scotland)

## 1 Accounting policies

**Company information**

North Road Garage Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in Scotland. The registered office is Great North Road, Kelty, Fife, KY4 0HW.

### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

### 1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

### 1.3 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for the sale of used cars, petroleum and repairing vehicles net of VAT.

### 1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

| | |
|---|---|
| Tenant's improvements | 10% Straight line |
| Plant, machinery and equipment | 25% Reducing balance |
| Motor vehicles | 25% Reducing balance |

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

### 1.5 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

### 1.6 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

**1 Accounting policies** **(Continued)**

At each reporting date, an assessment is made for impairment. Any excess of the carrying amount of stocks over its estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell is recognised as an impairment loss in profit or loss. Reversals of impairment losses are also recognised in profit or loss.

**1.7 Cash at bank and in hand**

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

**1.8 Financial instruments**

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

***Basic financial assets***

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

***Classification of financial liabilities***

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

***Basic financial liabilities***

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recognised in profit or loss immediately, together with any changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability that are attributable to the hedged risk.

**1.9 Taxation**

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

**1 Accounting policies** **(Continued)**

***Current tax***

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

***Deferred tax***

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

**1.10 Employee benefits**

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

**1.11 Retirement benefits**

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

**1.12 Leases**

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leases asset are consumed.

**2 Employees**

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

| | 2024<br>Number | 2023<br>Number |
|---|---|---|
| Total | 14 | 13 |

3 **Tangible fixed assets**

| | Plant and machinery etc |
|---|---|
| | £ |
| **Cost** | |
| At 1 April 2023 | 274,486 |
| Additions | 24,754 |
| Disposals | (13,251) |
| At 31 March 2024 | 285,989 |
| **Depreciation and impairment** | |
| At 1 April 2023 | 216,371 |
| Depreciation charged in the year | 16,299 |
| Eliminated in respect of disposals | (8,686) |
| At 31 March 2024 | 223,984 |
| **Carrying amount** | |
| At 31 March 2024 | 62,005 |
| At 31 March 2023 | 58,115 |

4 **Debtors**

| | 2024 | 2023 |
|---|---|---|
| **Amounts falling due within one year:** | £ | £ |
| Trade debtors | 89,191 | 90,551 |
| Corporation tax recoverable | 8,585 | 8,585 |
| Other debtors | 38,707 | 38,727 |
| | 136,483 | 137,863 |

5 **Creditors: amounts falling due within one year**

| | 2024 | 2023 |
|---|---|---|
| | £ | £ |
| Trade creditors | 82,462 | 75,431 |
| Corporation tax | 62,531 | 34,241 |
| Other taxation and social security | 59,472 | 48,090 |
| Other creditors | 19,871 | 8,673 |
| | 224,336 | 166,435 |

## 6 Called up share capital

| Ordinary share capital | 2024 Number | 2023 Number | 2024 £ | 2023 £ |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Issued and fully paid** | | | | |
| Ordinary shares of £1 each | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |

## 7 Operating lease commitments

**Lessee**

At the reporting end date the company had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, as follows:

| | 2024 £ | 2023 £ |
|---|---|---|
| | 6,000 | 6,000 |

## 8 Directors' transactions

Interest free loans have been granted by the company to its directors as follows:

| Description | % Rate | Opening balance £ | Amounts advanced £ | Amounts repaid £ | Closing balance £ |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Mr A Campbell - Director's loan | - | 17,763 | 6,472 | (6,288) | 17,947 |
| Mrs C Campbell - Director's loan | - | 17,763 | 6,471 | (6,287) | 17,947 |
| | | 35,526 | 12,943 | (12,575) | 35,894 |

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