Company registration number: **SC241521**

Niddry Bing Limited

Unaudited Filleted Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

Niddry Bing Limited

Statement of Financial Position

31 March 2024

	Note	20242023	
		££	
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible assets	5	329,920	355,391
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stocks		917,680	929,438
Debtors	6	247,601	611,845
Cash at bank and in hand		48,562	4,772
		1,213,843	1,546,055
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(342,954)	(688,573)
Net current assets		870,889	857,482
Total assets less current liabilities		1,200,809	1,212,873
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8	(12,668)	(22,769)
Net assets		1,188,141	1,190,104
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital		100	100
Profit and loss account		1,188,041	1,190,004
Shareholders funds		1,188,141	1,190,104

For the year ending 31 March 2024, the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The director acknowledges their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with

respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the income statement has not been delivered.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 29 November 2024, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

J Beattie

Director

Company registration number: SC241521

Niddry Bing Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2024

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

The company is a private company limited by shares and is registered in Scotland. The address of the registered office is 7 Hopetoun Crescent, Edinburgh, EH7 4AY, Scotland.

2 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102 Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable to the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain assets.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company.

TURNOVER

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

CURRENT TAX

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

TANGIBLE ASSETS

Tangible assets are initially measured at cost, and are subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses or at a revalued amount.

Any tangible assets carried at a revalued amount are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves. However, the increase is recognised in profit or loss to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves. If a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess is recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and machinery	20% straight line
Motor vehicles	25% straight line

IMPAIRMENT

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

STOCKS

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price and are subsequently measured as follows: Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost and commitments to receive a loan and to make a loan to another entity are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

All other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, which is normally the transaction price and are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

All equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets or either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

4 AVERAGE NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year was 4 (2023: 4).

5 TANGIBLE ASSETS

	Plant and machinery etc.
	£
COST	
At 1 April 2023	450,228
Additions	82,695
Disposals	(38,468)
At 31 March 2024	494,455
DEPRECIATION	
At 1 April 2023	94,837
Charge	82,521
Disposals	(12,823)
At 31 March 2024	164,535
CARRYING AMOUNT	
At 31 March 2024	329,920

At 31 March 2023		355,391

6 DEBTORS

	20242023	
	££	
Trade debtors	179,574	604,262
Other debtors	68,027	7,583
	247,601	611,845

7 CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	20242023	
	££	
Bank loans and overdrafts	10,000	10,000
Trade creditors	132,444	251,500
Amounts owed to group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest	-	33,402
Taxation and social security	64,262	119,439
Other creditors	136,248	274,232
	342,954	688,573

8 CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

	20242023	
	££	
Bank loans and overdrafts	12,668	22,769

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.