

Registered number: SC224909

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HOWIE IRVINE LIMITED

UNAUDITED

ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

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COMPANIES HOUSE

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET
AS AT 31 MARCH 2012

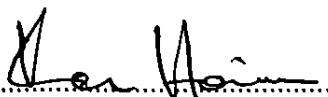
	Note	£	2012 £	£	2011 £
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	3		12,375		13,500
Tangible assets	4		710,084		596,783
			<u>722,459</u>		<u>610,283</u>
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		7,000		7,000	
Debtors		34,498		36,985	
Cash at bank and in hand		1,175		3,736	
		<u>42,673</u>		<u>47,721</u>	
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year			<u>(252,181)</u>	<u>(294,616)</u>	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			<u>(209,508)</u>	<u>(246,895)</u>	
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			<u>512,951</u>	<u>363,388</u>	
CREDITORS: amounts falling due after more than one year	5		(334,370)	(218,304)	
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES					
Deferred tax			(24,991)	(20,230)	
NET ASSETS			<u>153,590</u>	<u>124,854</u>	
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	6		2	2	
Profit and loss account			153,588	124,852	
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			<u>153,590</u>	<u>124,854</u>	

The directors consider that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to have an audit under the provisions of section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 ("the Act") and members have not required the company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and for preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at 31 March 2012 and of its profit for the year in accordance with the requirements of sections 394 and 395 of the Act and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET (continued)
AS AT 31 MARCH 2012

The abbreviated accounts, which have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006, were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:



Mr Ken Howie
Director

19/12/12

Date:

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

**NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012**

1. GOING CONCERN

The directors, having made due and careful enquiry and preparing forecasts, are of the opinion that the company has adequate working capital to execute its operations over the next 12 months. The directors, therefore, have made an informed judgement, at the time of approving the financial statements, that there is a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. As a result, the directors have continued to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The full financial statements, from which these abbreviated accounts have been extracted, have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

2.2 Turnover

Turnover comprises revenue recognised by the company in respect of goods and services supplied during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

2.3 Intangible fixed assets and amortisation

Goodwill is the difference between amounts paid on the acquisition of a business and the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities. It is amortised to the Profit and loss account over its estimated economic life.

Amortisation is provided at the following rates:

Goodwill	-	5% straight line
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2.4 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Building improvements	-	5 - 15% straight line
Plant & machinery	-	15% straight line
Motor vehicles	-	20% straight line
Office equipment	-	15% straight line

2.5 Grants

Government grants relating to tangible fixed assets are treated as deferred income and released to the Profit and loss account over the expected useful lives of the assets concerned. Other grants are credited to the Profit and loss account as the related expenditure is incurred.

**NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012**

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.6 Leasing and hire purchase

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired by finance lease are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Assets acquired by hire purchase are depreciated over their useful lives. Finance leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the Profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period.

2.7 Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks.

2.8 Taxation

Current tax, including UK corporation tax and foreign tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Full provision is made for deferred tax assets and liabilities arising from all timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the financial statements and recognition in the tax computation.

A net deferred tax asset is recognised only if it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates expected to be effective at the time the timing differences are expected to reverse.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

2.9 Operating leases

Rentals under operating leases are charged to the Profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

**NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012**

3. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	£
Cost	
At 1 April 2011 and 31 March 2012	22,500
Amortisation	
At 1 April 2011	9,000
Charge for the year	1,125
At 31 March 2012	10,125
Net book value	
At 31 March 2012	12,375
At 31 March 2011	13,500

4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	£
Cost	
At 1 April 2011	1,002,544
Additions	192,977
Disposals	(32,800)
At 31 March 2012	1,162,721
Depreciation	
At 1 April 2011	405,761
Charge for the year	74,996
On disposals	(28,120)
At 31 March 2012	452,637
Net book value	
At 31 March 2012	710,084
At 31 March 2011	596,783

**5. CREDITORS:
Amounts falling due after more than one year**

The bank overdraft and loans are secured by a fixed and floating charge over the company's assets along with a joint personal guarantee from the directors of £450,000 and a standard security over the property at Cairnton.

HOWIE IRVINE LIMITED



NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

6. SHARE CAPITAL

	2012 £	2011 £
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
2 Ordinary shares of £1 each	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>