

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: SC213974

MELFORD DEVELOPMENTS LTD
FILLETED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
31 DECEMBER 2021



DBFM
Chartered accountants
3 Walker Street
Edinburgh
EH3 7JY

MELFORD DEVELOPMENTS LTD**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION****31 December 2021**

	Note	2021 £	£	2020 £
Fixed assets				
Tangible assets	5		7,382	21,342
Current assets				
Debtors	6	676,197		648,802
Cash at bank and in hand		3,570		3,746
		<u>679,767</u>		<u>652,548</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	<u>458,536</u>		<u>125,587</u>
Net current assets			221,231	526,961
Total assets less current liabilities			228,613	548,303
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8		44,167	63,618
Net assets			<u>184,446</u>	<u>484,685</u>
Capital and reserves				
Called up share capital			100	100
Profit and loss account			184,346	484,585
Shareholders funds			<u>184,446</u>	<u>484,685</u>

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 December 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The statement of financial position
continues on the following page.

The notes on pages 3 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

MELFORD DEVELOPMENTS LTD

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION *(continued)*

31 December 2021

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 19 August 2022, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

andrew peters

signed on 23/08/2022, 10:54:15 BST

Mr A Peters
Director

Company registration number: SC213974

The notes on pages 3 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

MELFORD DEVELOPMENTS LTD

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended 31 December 2021

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in Scotland. The address of the registered office is 3 Walker Street, Edinburgh, EH3 7JY.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

3.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

3.2 Disclosure exemptions

The entity satisfies the criteria of being a qualifying entity as defined in FRS 102. As such, advantage has been taken of the following disclosure exemptions available under paragraph 1.12 of FRS 102:

- (a) No cash flow statement has been presented for the company.
- (b) Disclosures in respect of financial instruments have not been presented.

3.3 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

3.4 Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, stated net of discounts and of Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods, the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity, and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

MELFORD DEVELOPMENTS LTD

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS *(continued)*

Year Ended 31 December 2021

3. Accounting policies *(continued)*

3.5 Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

3.6 Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

3.7 Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fixtures and fittings	- 10% straight line
Motor vehicles	- 25% straight line
Equipment	- 20% straight line

3.8 Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

MELFORD DEVELOPMENTS LTD

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS *(continued)*

Year Ended 31 December 2021

3. Accounting policies *(continued)*

3.9 Finance leases and hire purchase contracts

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are recognised in the statement of financial position as assets and liabilities at the lower of the fair value of the assets and the present value of the minimum lease payments, which is determined at the inception of the lease term. Any initial direct costs of the lease are added to the amount recognised as an asset.

Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charges and reduction of the outstanding lease liability using the effective interest method. Finance charges are allocated to each period so as to produce a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

3.10 Government grants

Government grants are recognised using the accrual model and the performance model. Under the accrual model, government grants relating to revenue are recognised on a systematic basis over the periods in which the company recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate. Grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the entity with no future related costs are recognised in income in the period in which it becomes receivable.

3.11 Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 3 (2020: 5).

MELFORD DEVELOPMENTS LTD**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)****Year Ended 31 December 2021****5. Tangible assets**

	Fixtures and fittings £	Motor vehicles £	Equipment £	Total £
Cost				
At 1 January 2021	46,319	45,000	45,188	136,507
Additions	–	–	2,322	2,322
Disposals	–	(45,000)	–	(45,000)
At 31 December 2021	<u>46,319</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>47,510</u>	<u>93,829</u>
Depreciation				
At 1 January 2021	45,739	33,750	35,676	115,165
Charge for the year	93	5,625	4,939	10,657
Disposals	–	(39,375)	–	(39,375)
At 31 December 2021	<u>45,832</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>40,615</u>	<u>86,447</u>
Carrying amount				
At 31 December 2021	<u>487</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>6,895</u>	<u>7,382</u>
At 31 December 2020	<u>580</u>	<u>11,250</u>	<u>9,512</u>	<u>21,342</u>

6. Debtors

	2021 £	2020 £
Trade debtors	17,450	18,396
Other debtors	658,747	630,406
	<u>676,197</u>	<u>648,802</u>

7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2021 £	2020 £
Bank loans and overdrafts	5,932	5,833
Trade creditors	28,106	1,616
Corporation tax	–	28,290
Social security and other taxes	6,388	–
Other creditors	418,110	89,848
	<u>458,536</u>	<u>125,587</u>

8. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2021 £	2020 £
Bank loans and overdrafts	44,167	44,167
Other creditors	–	19,451
	<u>44,167</u>	<u>63,618</u>

MELFORD DEVELOPMENTS LTD**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)****Year Ended 31 December 2021**

9. Directors' advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the directors entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

During the year the directors entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

	2021		
	Balance brought forward £	Advances/ (credits) to the directors £	Balance outstanding £
Mr A Peters	44,511	(20,422)	24,089
Mr S Peters	18,616	(18,616)	—
	<u>63,127</u>	<u>(39,038)</u>	<u>24,089</u>

	2020		
	Balance brought forward £	Advances/ (credits) to the directors £	Balance outstanding £
Mr A Peters	27,809	16,702	44,511
Mr S Peters	—	18,616	18,616
	<u>27,809</u>	<u>35,318</u>	<u>63,127</u>