

Company registration number SC205129 (Scotland)

**R.A. CORRIERI & SONS LIMITED**  
**UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022**  
**PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR**

# **R.A. CORRIERI & SONS LIMITED**

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## **R.A. CORRIERI & SONS LIMITED**

### **REPORT TO THE DIRECTORS ON THE PREPARATION OF THE UNAUDITED STATUTORY ACCOUNTS OF R.A. CORRIERI & SONS LIMITED**

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In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of R.A. Corrieri & Sons Limited for the year ended 31 March 2022 which comprise, the balance sheet and the related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the ICAS we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at <https://icas.com/icas-framework-preparation-of-accounts>

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of R.A. Corrieri & Sons Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 23 November 2018. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of R.A. Corrieri & Sons Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the Board of Directors of R.A. Corrieri & Sons Limited, as a body, in this report in accordance with the requirements of the ICAS as detailed at <http://www.icas.com/accountspreparationguidance>. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than R.A. Corrieri & Sons Limited and its Board of Directors as a body, for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that R.A. Corrieri & Sons Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of R.A. Corrieri & Sons Limited. You consider that R.A. Corrieri & Sons Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of R.A. Corrieri & Sons Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

**Thomson Cooper  
Accountants**

3 Castle Court  
Carnegie Campus  
Dunfermline  
Fife  
KY11 8PB

30 November 2022

# R.A. CORRIERI & SONS LIMITED

## BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2022

|                                                       |       | 2022      | 2021      |
|-------------------------------------------------------|-------|-----------|-----------|
|                                                       | Notes | £         | £         |
| <b>Fixed assets</b>                                   |       |           |           |
| Tangible assets                                       | 4     | 67,346    | 78,627    |
| <b>Current assets</b>                                 |       |           |           |
| Stocks                                                |       | 23,152    | 20,217    |
| Debtors                                               | 5     | 5,107     | 6,272     |
| Cash at bank and in hand                              |       | 472,065   | 242,627   |
|                                                       |       | 500,324   | 269,116   |
| <b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b> | 6     | (158,613) | (172,451) |
| <b>Net current assets</b>                             |       | 341,711   | 96,665    |
| <b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>          |       | 409,057   | 175,292   |
| <b>Provisions for liabilities</b>                     | 7     | (12,366)  | (14,725)  |
| <b>Net assets</b>                                     |       | 396,691   | 160,567   |
| <b>Capital and reserves</b>                           |       |           |           |
| Called up share capital                               |       | 1,000     | 1,000     |
| Profit and loss reserves                              |       | 395,691   | 159,567   |
| <b>Total equity</b>                                   |       | 396,691   | 160,567   |

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 30 November 2022 and are signed on its behalf by:

**Mr Robert Corrieri**

Director

Company Registration No. SC205129

# **R.A. CORRIERI & SONS LIMITED**

## **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022**

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### **1 Accounting policies**

#### **Company information**

R.A. Corrieri & Sons Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in Scotland. The registered office is 7 Alloa Road, Causewayhead, Stirling, Stirlingshire, FK9 5LH.

#### **1.1 Accounting convention**

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### **1.2 Going concern**

At the time of approving the financial statements, the directors consider that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for a period of no less than twelve months. The directors have considered the impact of coronavirus on the company. The directors have reviewed their cashflow requirements and are satisfied that the company has sufficient cash reserves for a period of not less than twelve months and as such the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

#### **1.3 Turnover**

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes.

#### **1.4 Intangible fixed assets - goodwill**

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of acquisition of unincorporated businesses over the fair value of net assets acquired. It is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is considered to have a finite useful life and is amortised on a systematic basis over its expected life, which was 5 years.

#### **1.5 Tangible fixed assets**

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

|                       |                      |
|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Fixtures and fittings | 15% Reducing Balance |
| Computers             | 25% Straight Line    |
| Motor vehicles        | 25% Reducing Balance |

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

# R.A. CORRIERI & SONS LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### 1.6 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Recognised impairment losses are reversed if, and only if, the reasons for the impairment loss have ceased to apply. Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

#### 1.7 Stocks

Stock is recorded at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

#### 1.8 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

#### 1.9 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

##### **Basic financial assets**

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

# R.A. CORRIERI & SONS LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### **Classification of financial liabilities**

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### **Basic financial liabilities**

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### **1.10 Equity instruments**

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recognised in profit or loss immediately, together with any changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability that are attributable to the hedged risk.

#### **1.11 Taxation**

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

##### **Current tax**

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

##### **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

# R.A. CORRIERI & SONS LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### 1.12 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

#### 1.13 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

#### 1.14 Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leases asset are consumed.

#### 1.15 Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable when there is reasonable assurance that the grant conditions will be met and the grants will be received.

A grant that specifies performance conditions is recognised in income when the performance conditions are met. Where a grant does not specify performance conditions it is recognised in income when the proceeds are received or receivable. A grant received before the recognition criteria are satisfied is recognised as a liability.

### 2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

|                                    | 2022<br>Number | 2021<br>Number |
|------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
|                                    | 25             | 26             |
| <b>3 Intangible fixed assets</b>   |                |                |
|                                    |                | Goodwill       |
|                                    |                | £              |
| <b>Cost</b>                        |                |                |
| At 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022  |                | 1,946          |
|                                    |                | =====          |
| <b>Amortisation and impairment</b> |                |                |
| At 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022  |                | 1,946          |
|                                    |                | =====          |
| <b>Carrying amount</b>             |                |                |
| At 31 March 2022                   |                | -              |
|                                    |                | =====          |
| At 31 March 2021                   |                | -              |
|                                    |                | =====          |

# R.A. CORRIERI & SONS LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

### 4 Tangible fixed assets

|                                    | Fixtures and fittings | Computers     | Motor vehicles | Total          |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|
|                                    | £                     | £             | £              | £              |
| <b>Cost</b>                        |                       |               |                |                |
| At 1 April 2021                    | 334,895               | 36,770        | 22,835         | 394,500        |
| Additions                          | 414                   | 1,483         | -              | 1,897          |
|                                    | <u>335,309</u>        | <u>38,253</u> | <u>22,835</u>  | <u>396,397</u> |
| At 31 March 2022                   | 335,309               | 38,253        | 22,835         | 396,397        |
| <b>Depreciation and impairment</b> |                       |               |                |                |
| At 1 April 2021                    | 269,545               | 34,966        | 11,362         | 315,873        |
| Depreciation charged in the year   | 9,802                 | 508           | 2,868          | 13,178         |
|                                    | <u>279,347</u>        | <u>35,474</u> | <u>14,230</u>  | <u>329,051</u> |
| At 31 March 2022                   | 279,347               | 35,474        | 14,230         | 329,051        |
| <b>Carrying amount</b>             |                       |               |                |                |
| At 31 March 2022                   | <u>55,962</u>         | <u>2,779</u>  | <u>8,605</u>   | <u>67,346</u>  |
| At 31 March 2021                   | <u>65,350</u>         | <u>1,804</u>  | <u>11,473</u>  | <u>78,627</u>  |

### 5 Debtors

|                                             | 2022         | 2021         |
|---------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
|                                             | £            | £            |
| <b>Amounts falling due within one year:</b> |              |              |
| Trade debtors                               | -            | 622          |
| Other debtors                               | 5,107        | 5,650        |
|                                             | <u>5,107</u> | <u>6,272</u> |

### 6 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

|                                    | 2022           | 2021           |
|------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
|                                    | £              | £              |
| Trade creditors                    | 27,698         | 21,619         |
| Corporation tax                    | 67,076         | 22,253         |
| Other taxation and social security | 30,281         | 3,465          |
| Other creditors                    | 33,558         | 125,114        |
|                                    | <u>158,613</u> | <u>172,451</u> |

## R.A. CORRIERI & SONS LIMITED

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

#### 7 Deferred taxation

The following are the major deferred tax liabilities and assets recognised by the company and movements thereon:

|                                | Liabilities<br>2022<br>£ | Liabilities<br>2021<br>£ |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| <b>Balances:</b>               |                          |                          |
| Accelerated capital allowances | 12,366                   | 14,725                   |
|                                | <u>          </u>        | <u>          </u>        |
| <b>Movements in the year:</b>  |                          | 2022<br>£                |
| Liability at 1 April 2021      |                          | 14,725                   |
| Credit to profit or loss       |                          | (2,359)                  |
|                                |                          | <u>          </u>        |
| Liability at 31 March 2022     |                          | 12,366                   |
|                                |                          | <u>          </u>        |

#### 8 Operating lease commitments

##### Lessee

At the reporting end date the company had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, as follows:

| 2022<br>£         | 2021<br>£         |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| 50,000            | 50,000            |
| <u>          </u> | <u>          </u> |

#### 9 Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of Section 1 AC35 of FRS 102 whereby only material transactions which are not under normal market conditions need to be disclosed. There are no transactions with any related companies that are not under normal market conditions.

#### 10 Parent company

The ultimate parent of R.A. Corrieri and Sons Limited is Craigforth Holdings Limited which has a registered address of 7 Alloa Road, Stirling, FK9 5LH.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.