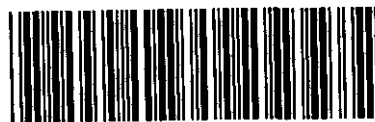


Scot Trader Shipping Limited

Abbreviated Accounts

For The Year Ended 31 March 2007

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COMPANIES HOUSE

SCOT TRADER SHIPPING LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO SCOT TRADER SHIPPING LIMITED UNDER SECTION 247B OF THE COMPANIES ACT 1985

We have examined the abbreviated accounts set out on pages 2 to 4, together with the financial statements of Scot Trader Shipping Limited for the year ended 31 March 2007 prepared under section 226 of the Companies Act 1985

This report is made solely to the company in accordance with Section 247B of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report on abbreviated accounts and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors are responsible for preparing the abbreviated accounts in accordance with section 246 of the Companies Act 1985. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with sections 246(5) and (6) of the Act to the Registrar of Companies and whether the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with those provisions and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our work in accordance with Bulletin 2006/3 "The special auditor's report on abbreviated accounts in the United Kingdom" issued by the Auditing Practices Board. In accordance with that Bulletin we have carried out the procedures we consider necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts and that the abbreviated accounts to be delivered are properly prepared.

Opinion

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with sections 246(5) and (6) of the Companies Act 1985, and the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with those provisions.



Johnston Carmichael

Chartered Accountants
Registered Auditor

2 October 2007

Nevis House
Inverness
IV2 3BW

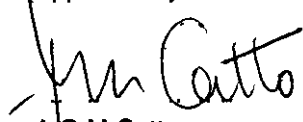
SCOT TRADER SHIPPING LIMITED

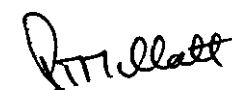
ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2007

	Notes	2007 £	£	2006 £	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	2		380,048		414,446
Current assets					
Debtors		359,756		85,345	
Cash at bank and in hand		56,832		279,428	
		416,588		364,773	
Creditors amounts falling due within one year		(58,536)		(28,587)	
Net current assets			358,052		336,186
Total assets less current liabilities			738,100		750,632
Provisions for liabilities			(164,176)		(174,779)
			573,924		575,853
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	3		200,000		200,000
Profit and loss account			373,924		375,853
Shareholders' funds			573,924		575,853

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies

Approved by the Board for issue on 24/9/2007


A G M Catto
Director


P T Millatt
Director

SCOT TRADER SHIPPING LIMITED

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

1 Accounting policies

1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2005)

1.2 Turnover

Turnover represents the amount derived from the provision of goods and services falling within the company's activities

1.3 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows

Plant and machinery	20 25% straight line
Ship	2 5% straight line

1.4 Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is provided in full on timing differences which result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and law. Timing differences arise from inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in the financial statements. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not they will be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

1.5 Survey costs

The company has a contractual obligation as a result of entering into a maritime charter agreement to put its ship through an extensive survey and overhaul every five years. The costs of the survey are borne by the company and can be estimated with reasonable accuracy.

The company recognises the full anticipated liability at the beginning of each five year period. This and a provision, discounted to allow for the time value of money, is set up along with a corresponding current asset prepayment. The current asset is then released to the profit and loss account in equal annual instalments along with a notional interest charge. At the end of each five year period the provision is offset against the actual cost of the survey and any difference is taken to the profit and loss account.

SCOT TRADER SHIPPING LIMITED

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

2 Fixed assets

	Tangible assets £
Cost	
At 1 April 2006 & at 31 March 2007	1,482,743
Depreciation	
At 1 April 2006	1,068,297
Charge for the year	34,398
At 31 March 2007	1,102,695
Net book value	
At 31 March 2007	380,048
At 31 March 2006	414,446

3 Share capital

	2007 £	2006 £
Authorised		
500,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	500,000	500,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
200,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	200,000	200,000

4 Transactions with directors

During the year the company charged ship hire of £500,193 to Scotline Limited, a company which holds 25% of the issued share capital of the company's parent undertaking and in which P T Millatt is a director. The hire rates are set under a long term time charter agreement between the companies.

During the year the company was charged management fees of £20,000 by Intrada Ships Management Limited, a company in which P T Millatt is a director. The fees cover ship and technical management and are charged on a monthly basis.

During the year the company incurred £245,877 of ships expenses which were met by related companies acting as ships agents. Expenses totalling £20,212 were due to related companies at 31 March 2007 and are included in creditors falling due within one year.

5 Ultimate parent company

The company's ultimate parent undertaking is Scotline Marine Holdings Limited, a company registered in Scotland. The parent company is exempt from preparing group accounts as it qualifies as a medium sized group.