

Registered Number SC119521

Granite City Surveys Limited

Abbreviated Accounts

30 September 2014

Balance Sheet as at 30 September 2014

	Notes	2014	2013
		£	£
Fixed assets	2		
Tangible		42,471	36,260
		<u>42,471</u>	<u>36,260</u>
Current assets			
Debtors		43,665	30,134
Cash at bank and in hand		29,149	27,308
Total current assets		<u>72,814</u>	<u>57,442</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(30,028)	(38,411)
Net current assets (liabilities)		42,786	19,031
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>85,257</u>	<u>55,291</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	3	(14,011)	0
Provisions for liabilities		(7,746)	(6,340)
Total net assets (liabilities)		<u>63,500</u>	<u>48,951</u>
Capital and reserves			

Called up share capital	4	81	81
Share premium account		1,499	1,499
Profit and loss account		61,920	47,371

Shareholders funds

63,500

48,951

- a. For the year ending 30 September 2014 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.
- b. The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- c. The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- d. These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the board on 24 June 2015

And signed on their behalf by:

Mr P J Fraser, Director

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1068 of the Companies Act 2006.

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

For the year ending 30 September 2014

1 Accounting policies**Basis of accounting**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax. In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

Depreciation

Office equipment-on the reducing balance method at 20% p.a. Fixtures & fittings-on the reducing balance method at 20% p.a.

Hire purchase agreements

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis.

Pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. The annual contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions: Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted. Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted

at the balance sheet date.

Fixed Assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Financial Instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Depreciation

Depreciation has been provided at the following rates in order to write off the assets over their estimated useful lives.

Fixtures & Fittings	20% Reducing Balance
Motor Vehicles	25% Reducing Balance
Leasehold Property	20% Straight Line

2 Fixed Assets

	Tangible Assets	Total
Cost or valuation	£	£
At 01 October 2013	77,584	77,584
Additions	16,778	16,778
At 30 September 2014	<u>94,362</u>	<u>94,362</u>
Depreciation		
At 01 October 2013	41,324	41,324
Charge for year	10,567	10,567
At 30 September 2014	<u>51,891</u>	<u>51,891</u>
Net Book Value		
At 30 September 2014	42,471	42,471
At 30 September 2013	<u>36,260</u>	<u>36,260</u>

3 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

4 **Share capital**

	2014	2013
	£	£
Authorised share capital:		
100 Ordinary of £1 each	100	100
Allotted, called up and fully paid:		
81 Ordinary of £1 each	81	81

5 **Creditors - capital
instruments**

The above liabilities comprise bank loans.