

REGISTERED NUMBER OC322321

MARSHALL CLARK (CRAWLEY) LLP
ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS
31 MARCH 2012

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A12 28/12/2012 #25
COMPANIES HOUSE

BUTTERWORTH JONES
Chartered Accountants
Sansom House
Langport
Somerset

MARSHALL CLARK (CRAWLEY) LLP

ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

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MARSHALL CLARK (CRAWLEY) LLP

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

31 MARCH 2012

	Note	2012	2011
		£	£
FIXED ASSETS	2		
Tangible assets		<u>8,778</u>	<u>11,885</u>
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors		6,854	28,935
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>7,338</u>	<u>788</u>
		14,192	29,723
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year		<u>13,606</u>	<u>19,297</u>
NET CURRENT (LIABILITIES)/ASSETS		<u>586</u>	<u>10,426</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		<u>9,364</u>	<u>22,311</u>
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year		<u>6,534</u>	<u>13,312</u>
NET (LIABILITIES)/ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO MEMBERS		<u>2,830</u>	<u>8,999</u>
REPRESENTED BY:			
Loans and other debts due to members within one year			
Other Amounts		<u>3,070</u>	<u>9,239</u>
		3,069	9,239
Members Other Interests:			
Other reserves classified as equity		<u>(240)</u>	<u>(240)</u>
		<u>2,830</u>	<u>8,999</u>
TOTAL MEMBERS INTERESTS:			
Amounts due from members		(6,508)	(28,428)
Loans and Other Debts due to members		3,070	9,238
Members other interests		<u>(240)</u>	<u>(240)</u>
		<u>(3,678)</u>	<u>(19,429)</u>

The Balance sheet continues on the following page.

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these abbreviated accounts.

MARSHALL CLARK (CRAWLEY) LLP

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET *(continued)*

31 MARCH 2012

The members are satisfied that the LLP is entitled to exemption from the provisions of the Companies Act 2006 as modified by the Limited Liability Partnerships Regulations 2008 (the Act) relating to the audit of the financial statements for the year by virtue of section 477

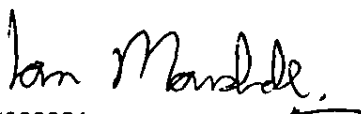
The members acknowledge their responsibilities for

- (i) ensuring that the LLP keeps adequate accounting records which comply with section 386 of the Companies Act 2006 as modified by the Limited Liability Partnerships Regulations 2008, and
- (ii) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the LLP as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of section 393, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as modified by the Limited Liability Partnerships Regulations 2008 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the LLP

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 as modified by the Limited Liability Partnerships Regulations 2008 relating to small LLPs

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the members and authorised for issue on 20 December 2012, and are signed on their behalf by

MR I MARSHALL



Registered Number: OC322321

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these abbreviated accounts

MARSHALL CLARK (CRAWLEY) LLP
NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS
YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of financial instruments, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008), and the requirements of the Statement of Recommended Practice 'Accounting by Limited Liability Partnerships' issued in March 2006 (SORP 2006).

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fixtures & Fittings	- 25% Reducing Balance
Motor Vehicles	- 25% Reducing Balance
Equipment	- 33% Straight Line

Hire purchase agreements

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis

Finance lease agreements

Where the LLP enters into a lease which entails taking substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset, the lease is treated as a finance lease. The asset is recorded in the balance sheet as a tangible fixed asset and is depreciated in accordance with the above depreciation policies. Future instalments under such leases, net of finance charges, are included within creditors. Rentals payable are apportioned between the finance element, which is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis, and the capital element which reduces the outstanding obligation for future instalments.

Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

MARSHALL CLARK (CRAWLEY) LLP
NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS
YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

Members' participation rights

Members' participation rights are the rights of a member against the LLP that arise under the members' agreement (for example, in respect of amounts subscribed or otherwise contributed, remuneration and profits)

Members' participation rights in the earnings or assets of the LLP are analysed between those that are, from the LLP's perspective, either a financial liability or equity, in accordance with FRS 25 (IAS 32) Financial Instruments Disclosure and Presentation and UITF abstract 39 Members' shares in co-operative entities and similar instruments. A member's participation right results in a liability unless the right to any payment is discretionary on the part of the LLP.

Amounts subscribed or otherwise contributed by members, for example members' capital, are classed as equity if the LLP has an unconditional right to refuse payment to members. If the LLP does not have such an unconditional right, such amounts are classified as liabilities.

Where profits are automatically divided as they arise, so the LLP does not have an unconditional right to refuse payment, the amounts arising that are due to members are in the nature of liabilities. They are therefore treated as an expense in the Profit and Loss Account in the relevant year. To the extent that they remain unpaid at the year end, they are shown as liabilities in the Balance Sheet.

Conversely, where profits are divided only after a decision by the LLP or its representative, so that the LLP has an unconditional right to refuse payment, such profits are classed as an appropriation of equity rather than as an expense. They are therefore shown as a residual amount available for discretionary division among members in the Profit and Loss Account and are equity appropriations in the Balance Sheet.

Other amounts applied to members, for example remuneration paid under an employment contract and interest on capital balances, are treated in the same way as all other divisions of profits, as described above, according to whether the LLP has, in each case, an unconditional right to refuse payment.

All amounts due to members that are classified as liabilities are presented in the Balance Sheet within 'Loans and other debts due to members' and are charged to the Profit and Loss Account within 'Members' remuneration charged as an expense'. Amounts due to members that are classified as equity are shown in the Balance Sheet within 'Members' other interests'.

MARSHALL CLARK (CRAWLEY) LLP
NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS
YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

2. FIXED ASSETS

	Tangible Assets £
COST OR VALUATION	
At 1 April 2011 and 31 March 2012	<u>37,185</u>
DEPRECIATION	
At 1 April 2011	25,300
Charge for year	<u>3,107</u>
At 31 March 2012	<u>28,407</u>
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 March 2012	<u>8,778</u>
At 31 March 2011	<u>11,885</u>