

Company registration number: NI621663

Brickcourt Property NI Limited

Unaudited filleted financial statements

30 November 2019

Brickcourt Property NI Limited

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Directors and other information

Directors

David Beggs

Gavin Duffy

Paul Savage

Company number

NI621663

Registered office

C/o Greencastle Pharmacy

2 Whitewell Road

Newtownabbey

BT36 7ES

Accountants

Hill Vellacott

22 Great Victoria Street

Belfast

BT2 7BA

Brickcourt Property NI Limited

Report to the board of directors on the preparation of the

unaudited statutory financial statements of Brickcourt Property NI Limited

Year ended 30 November 2019

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Brickcourt Property NI Limited for the year ended 30 November 2019 which comprise the statement of financial position and related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of Chartered Accountants Ireland, we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at www.charteredaccountants.ie.

This report is made solely to the board of directors of Brickcourt Property NI Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of Brickcourt Property NI Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the board of directors of Brickcourt Property NI Limited as a body, in this report in accordance with the requirements of Chartered Accountants Ireland as detailed at www.charteredaccountants.ie. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Brickcourt Property NI Limited and its board of directors as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Brickcourt Property NI Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and loss of Brickcourt Property NI Limited. You consider that Brickcourt Property NI Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Brickcourt Property NI Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

Hill Vellacott

Chartered accountants

22 Great Victoria Street

Belfast

BT2 7BA

18 May 2021

Brickcourt Property NI Limited**Statement of financial position****30 November 2019**

		2019		2018	
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	5	248,330		242,140	
		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
			248,330		242,140
Current assets					
Stocks		17,700		-	
Debtors	6	416,830		168,384	
Cash at bank and in hand		19,658		308,462	
		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
		454,188		476,846	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(425,555)		(435,573)	
		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
Net current assets			28,633		41,273
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Total assets less current liabilities			276,963		283,413
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8	(102,472)		(102,472)	
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Net assets			174,491		180,941
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			239		239
Profit and loss account			174,252		180,702
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Shareholders funds			174,491		180,941
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>

For the year ending 30 November 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting

Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 18 May 2021 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

David Beggs

Director

Company registration number: NI621663

Brickcourt Property NI Limited

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 30 November 2019

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in United Kingdom. The address of the registered office is C/o Greencastle Pharmacy, 2 Whitewell Road, Newtownabbey, BT36 7ES.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment. Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately. For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics. Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 3 (2018: 3).

5. Tangible assets

	Long leasehold property £	Total £
Cost		
At 1 December 2018	242,140	242,140
Additions	6,190	6,190
At 30 November 2019	248,330	248,330
Depreciation		
At 1 December 2018 and 30 November 2019	-	-
Carrying amount		
At 30 November 2019	248,330	248,330
At 30 November 2018	242,140	242,140

6. Debtors

	2019 £	2018 £
Trade debtors	485	2,551
Other debtors	416,345	165,833
	416,830	168,384

7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2019 £	2018 £
Bank loans and overdrafts	-	11,124
Corporation tax	9,667	28,978
Other creditors	415,888	395,471
	425,555	435,573

8. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2019	2018
	£	£
Other creditors	102,472	102,472

9. Directors advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the directors entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

2019

	Balance brought forward	Advances /(credits) to the directors	Balance o/standing
	£	£	£
David Beggs	(167,205)	(375)	(167,580)
Gavin Duffy	(83,959)	-	(83,959)
Paul Savage	(141,007)	(19,729)	(160,736)
	(392,171)	(20,104)	(412,275)

2018

	Balance brought forward	Advances /(credits) to the directors	Balance o/standing
	£	£	£
David Beggs	(167,205)	-	(167,205)
Gavin Duffy	(83,959)	-	(83,959)
Paul Savage	(141,007)	-	(141,007)
	(392,171)	-	(392,171)

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.