

Lewis Silkin (N.I.) LLP Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2025

Registered number NC001663

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Table of contents

Page:

2 -3	Report of the members
5 - 8	Independent auditor's report
9	Statement of Comprehensive Income
10	Statement of Financial Position
11	Statement of Changes in Equity
12 - 19	Notes to the financial statements

LLP registration number

NC001663

Registered office

Eighth Floor, The Linenhall, 32-38 Linenhall Street, Belfast, Northern Ireland, BT2 8BG.

Auditor

RSM UK Audit LLP, Second Floor, 1 The Square, Temple Quay, Bristol, BS1 6DG.

Bankers

Bank of Ireland, 1, Donegall Square South, Belfast, BT1 5LR.

Report of the members

The members present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the LLP is the provision of legal services.

Business review

During the year the limited liability partnership provided legal services, which is the partnership's principal activity. During the year the partnership made a profit of £2,144,000 (2024: £1,168,000).

The results for the year ended 31 March 2025 were positive, with revenue growth of 58% and operating profit growth of 84%. This was largely due to organic growth in the existing core strategic areas of the business.

The members have confidence in the future success of the firm and are looking forward to implementing their objectives which are underpinned by the overarching strategic approach of Ideas. People. Possibilities.

Going concern

These financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis on the grounds that the members consider that the entity holds sufficient cash reserves to offset any cashflow uncertainties and that the entity will be able to continue to meet its debts as they fall due. In order to assess the going concern assumptions, the members have considered detailed trading and cashflow projections for a period of at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements.

The members have therefore concluded that there is no material uncertainty about the ability of the entity to continue as a going concern and that it remains appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

Designated members

The designated members during the period were:

Ciara Fulton

Mathew Forde

Members drawings and capital policy

The LLP's drawing policy allows each member to draw a proportion of their budgeted post-tax profit during the accounting year in twelve instalments, with the balance paid subsequently. All payments are made subject to the cash requirements of the business.

Profit sharing allocations are determined annually by the group's Partnership Remuneration Committee.

An individual member's capital requirement is linked to his or her share of profit and the financing requirements of the LLP.

Statement of members' responsibilities

The members are responsible for preparing the Report of the Members and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

The Companies Act 2006, as applied to qualifying partnerships by the Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008 ("partnership law"), requires the members of the Limited Partnership to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the members of the Limited Partnership have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law).

Under partnership law the members of the Limited Partnership must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the limited partnership and of the profit or loss of the limited partnership for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the members are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the partnership will continue in business.

The members are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the limited partnership's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the limited partnership and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006, as applied to qualifying partnerships. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the limited partnership and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the members are aware:

- there is no relevant audit information of which the LLP's auditor is unaware; and
- the members have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information.

Small LLP provisions

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of the Companies Act 2006 (as applied by the Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008) applicable to LLPs subject to the small LLPs regime. The limited partnership has taken advantage of these provisions in relation to exemption from the preparation of a strategic report.

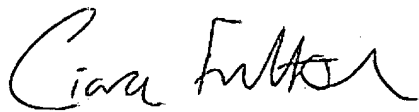
Auditor

The auditors are deemed reappointed, unless:

- Members representing at least 5% of total voting rights in the LLP give notice that the auditor should not be reappointed; or
- The members have determined the auditor should not be reappointed; or
- The designated members have determined that no auditor should be appointed for the year in question

RSM UK Audit LLP has indicated its willingness to continue in office.

On behalf of the members

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Ciara Fulton', with a stylized, cursive script.

Ciara Fulton

Designated member

Date: 31 October 2025

Independent auditor's report to the members of Lewis Silkin (N.I.) LLP

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Lewis Silkin (N.I.) LLP (the 'limited liability partnership') for the year ended 31 March 2025 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Financial Position, the Statement of Changes in Equity and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the limited liability partnership's affairs as at 31 March 2025 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applied to limited liability partnerships.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the limited liability partnership in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the members' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the limited liability partnership's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the members with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Independent auditor's report to the members of Lewis Silkin (N.I.) LLP (continued)

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the report of the members, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The members are responsible for the other information contained within the report of the members. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 applied to limited liability partnerships requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the members were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small limited liability partnerships' regime.

Responsibilities of members for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Members' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 3, the members are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the members determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the members are responsible for assessing the limited liability partnership's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the members either intend to liquidate the limited liability partnership or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Independent auditor's report to the members of Lewis Silkin (N.I.) LLP (continued)

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

The extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. The objectives of our audit are to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding compliance with laws and regulations that have a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, to perform audit procedures to help identify instances of non-compliance with other laws and regulations that may have a material effect on the financial statements, and to respond appropriately to identified or suspected non-compliance with laws and regulations identified during the audit.

In relation to fraud, the objectives of our audit are to identify and assess the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements due to fraud, to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the assessed risks of material misstatement due to fraud through designing and implementing appropriate responses and to respond appropriately to fraud or suspected fraud identified during the audit.

However, it is the primary responsibility of management, with the oversight of those charged with governance, to ensure that the entity's operations are conducted in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations and for the prevention and detection of fraud.

In identifying and assessing risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud, the audit engagement team:

- obtained an understanding of the nature of the industry and sector, including the legal and regulatory framework that the limited liability partnership operates in and how the limited liability partnership is complying with the legal and regulatory framework;
- inquired of management, and those charged with governance, about their own identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities, including any known actual, suspected or alleged instances of fraud;
- discussed matters about non-compliance with laws and regulations and how fraud might occur including assessment of how and where the financial statements may be susceptible to fraud.

As a result of these procedures we consider the most significant laws and regulations that have a direct impact on the financial statements are FRS 102, the Companies Act 2006 and the LLP SORP. We performed audit procedures to detect non-compliances which may have a material impact on the financial statements which included reviewing financial statement disclosures.

Independent auditor's report to the members of Lewis Silkin (N.I.) LLP (continued)

The most significant laws and regulations that have an indirect impact on the financial statements are compliance with the Solicitors Accounts Regulations 2014 and the Solicitors (Northern Ireland) order 1976 (as amended) as regulated by the Law Society of Northern Ireland. We performed audit procedures to inquire of management and those charged with governance whether the group and limited liability partnership is in compliance with these law and regulations. We inspected compliance documentation, enquired over any risk and breaches in the year and reviewed regulatory returns.

The audit engagement team identified the risk of management override of controls and revenue and amounts recoverable on contracts recognition as the areas where the financial statements were most susceptible to material misstatement due to fraud. Audit procedures performed included but were not limited to testing manual journal entries and other adjustments and evaluating the business rationale in relation to significant, unusual transactions and transactions entered into outside the normal course of business, and testing revenue and amounts recoverable on contracts through substantive testing.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: <http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the limited liability partnership's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 as applied to limited liability partnerships. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the limited liability partnership's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the limited liability partnership and the limited liability partnership's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Samantha Pedder

SAMANTHA PEDDER (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of RSM UK AUDIT LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants

Second Floor

1 The Square

Temple Quay

Bristol

BS1 6DG

Date: 31 October 2025

	Note	2025 £'000	2024 £'000
Turnover	6	4,644	2,933
Total income		4,644	2,933
Operating costs:			
Staff costs	8	(2,197)	(1,093)
Depreciation and amortisation	7	(94)	(106)
Other operating expenses		(210)	(566)
Operating profit	7	2,143	1,168
Interest receivable and similar income		1	-
Profit for the period before members' remuneration and profit shares		2,144	1,168
Members' remuneration charged as an expense	8	(2,144)	(1,168)
Profit after members' remuneration and profit shares		-	-

All recognised gains and losses are included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

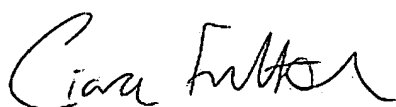
All amounts relate to continuing activities.

The accompanying accounting policies and notes on pages 12 to 19 form part of these financial statements

	Note	2025 £'000	2024 £'000
Fixed assets			
Intangible fixed assets	9	-	55
Tangible fixed assets	10	93	125
		93	180
Current assets			
Debtors	11	1,595	1,047
Cash at bank and in hand		775	1,106
		2,370	2,153
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	12	(643)	(1,396)
Net current assets		1,727	757
Net assets attributable to members		1,820	937
Represented by:			
Loans and other debts due to/(from) members within one year	15		
Members' capital classified as a liability		442	385
Other amounts		1,378	552
		1,820	937
Total members' interests	15		
Loans and other debts due to/(from) members		1,820	937
		1,820	937

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to limited liability partnerships subject to the small LLPs regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue on behalf of the members on 31 October 2025.



Ciara Fulton - Designated member

LLP registration number: NC001663

The accompanying accounting policies and notes on pages 12 to 19 form part of these financial statements.

	Members' capital £'000	Other amounts £'000	Total £'000
At 31 March 2023	357	(407)	(50)
Profit and total comprehensive income for the period	-	1,168	1,168
Other movements	28	(209)	(181)
At 31 March 2024	385	552	937
Profit and total comprehensive income for the period	-	2,144	2,144
Other movements	57	(1,318)	(1,261)
At 31 March 2025	442	1,378	1,820

The accompanying accounting policies and notes on pages 12 to 19 form part of these financial statements.

1 Entity information

Lewis Silkin (N.I.) LLP is a Limited Liability Partnership registered in Northern Ireland. Its registered office and principal place of business is Eighth Floor, The Linenhall, 32-38 Linenhall Street, Belfast, Northern Ireland, BT2 8BG. The principal activity of Lewis Silkin (N.I.) LLP is the provision of legal services.

2 Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 – 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' ('FRS 102'), Companies Act 2006 as applied by LLPs and the Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP), Accounting by Limited Liability Partnerships, issued in December 2021. The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the modification to a fair value basis for certain financial instruments as specified in the accounting policies below. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are presented in Sterling (£'000).

The financial statements of Lewis Silkin (N.I.) LLP have also adopted the following disclosure exemptions as the LLP's results are included within the consolidated financial statements of its parent, Lewis Silkin LLP which are publicly available:

- the requirement to present a statement of cash flows; and
- the requirement to present analysis of the LLP's financial instruments.

Going concern

These financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis on the grounds that the members consider that the entity holds sufficient cash reserves to offset any cashflow uncertainties and that the entity will be able to continue to meet its debts as they fall due. In order to assess the going concern assumptions, the members have considered detailed trading and cashflow projections for a period of at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements.

The members have therefore concluded that there is no material uncertainty about the ability of the entity to continue as a going concern and that it remains appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

3 Reporting Period

The financial statements cover the year ended 31 March 2025. The comparative figures cover the year ended 31 March 2024.

4 Significant judgements and estimates

Preparation of the financial statements requires management to make significant judgements and estimates. The items in the financial statements where these judgments and estimates have been made include:

Revenue recognition and valuation of amounts recoverable on contracts

Revenue from services provided by the entity is recognised by reference to management's assessment of the extent to which the entity has performed its obligations and in exchange obtained the right to consideration. Management review year-end amounts recoverable on contracts balances to assess their likely future realisation. Year-end amounts recoverable on contracts balances are typically valued using historic recovery rates, as the best estimation of the likely sum which will be recovered for this work, unless there are specific known reasons for a different recovery rate, in which case those are used.

Valuation of accounts receivable

The LLP's accounts receivable balance is reviewed and estimates made as to the extent of the recoverability of sums due to the LLP from clients. Provision is made on a specific basis as required, based on the age of balances outstanding and where there is evidence of impairment.

Amortisation and depreciation

The LLP reviews the estimated useful lives of intangible and tangible fixed assets and sets amortisation and depreciation rates to the periods which will derive benefit from the assets. Given the disparate nature of such assets, broad categories are used, in order to reflect the type and function of such assets, with the depreciation rate set for each category intended to best estimate the lifespan of the portfolio of assets within that category (refer to note 5).

Key management personnel

The members consider that the key management personnel for the LLP comprise the partners of Lewis Silkin (N.I.) LLP (Refer to note 8).

5 Principal accounting policies

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Amortisation is charged so as to allocate the cost of intangibles less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The intangible assets are amortised over the following useful economic lives:

Goodwill	33% per annum
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If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in amortisation rate or residual value of an asset, the amortisation of that asset is revised prospectively to reflect the new expectations.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation is calculated to write down the cost less estimated residual value of all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, over their expected useful lives, using the straight-line method.

The rates applicable are:

Fixtures, fittings & equipment	20% - 33% per annum
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Impairment of assets

At each reporting date fixed assets are reviewed to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If there is an indication of possible impairment, the recoverable amount of any affected asset is estimated and compared with its carrying amount. If the estimated recoverable amount is lower, the carrying amount is reduced to its estimated recoverable amount, and an impairment loss is recognised immediately in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

If an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but not in excess of the amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment.

Creditors

Short term trade creditors are measured at the transaction price.

Members' drawings and capital policy

Members' participation rights are the rights of a member against the LLP that arise under the members' agreement (for example, in respect of amounts subscribed or otherwise contributed remuneration and profits). Members' participation rights in the earnings or assets of the LLP are analysed between those that are, from the LLP's perspective, either a financial liability or equity, in accordance with section 22 of FRS 102.

A member's participation rights including amounts subscribed or otherwise contributed by members, for example members' capital, are classed as liabilities as the LLP does not have an unconditional right to refuse payment to members. Profit sharing allocations are determined annually by the LLP's Partnership Remuneration Committee elected by the members.

A prudent estimate of profits are paid out to members as drawings each month, which are treated as payments on account of profit allocation and are only repayable to the LLP in so far as there are insufficient profits to allocate against such drawings. Any drawings in excess of total profits allocated are included within 'amounts due from members' within members other interests.

The LLP does not have an unconditional right to refuse payment and the amounts arising that are due to members are in the nature of liabilities. They are therefore treated as an expense and presented as members remuneration charged as an expense in arriving at the result for the relevant year. To the extent that they remain unpaid at the period end, they are shown as liabilities.

All amounts due to members that are classified as liabilities are presented within 'Loans and other debts due to members' and, where such an amount relates to current year profits, they are recognised within 'Members' remuneration charged as an expense' in arriving at the relevant year's result. Undivided amounts that are classified as equity are shown within 'Members' other interests'. Amounts recoverable from members are presented as debtors and shown as amounts due from members within members' interests.

The capital requirements of the LLP are determined by the Operations Board and are reviewed regularly. Each member is required to subscribe a proportion of this capital. The amount of capital subscribed by each member is linked to the profit allocated to that member. No interest is paid on capital. On retiring from the LLP, a member's capital is typically repaid within 6-24 months.

6 Turnover

Turnover is attributable to the following classes of business:

	2025 £'000	2024 £'000
Provision of legal & professional services	4,644	2,933

7 Operating profit

The operating profit is stated after:

	2025 £'000	2024 £'000
Auditor's remuneration:		
Fees payable to the LLP's auditor for the audit of the LLP's annual accounts	10	10
Fees payable to the LLP's auditor for other services:		
Tax compliance and other services	11	9
Depreciation	39	39
Amortisation	55	67
Other operating lease rentals	119	114

8 Members and employees

Staff costs during the period were as follows:

	2025 £'000	2024 £'000
Wages and salaries	1,924	955
Social security costs	192	100
Other pension costs	81	38
	2,197	1,093

The LLP operates a stakeholder defined contribution pension scheme for the benefit of the employees. The assets of the scheme are administered by an independent pensions' provider.

The average number of employees of the LLP during the year was 45 (2024: 25).

Information in relation to members	2025 Number	2024 Number
Average number of members during the period:	5	5

Information in relation to members	2025 £'000	2024 £'000
Paid under the terms of the LLP agreement.	2,144	1,168

Information in relation to members	2025 £'000	2024 £'000
The amount of profit attributable to the member with the largest entitlement was:	325	262

9 Intangible fixed assets

	Goodwill £'000	Total £'000
Cost		
At 1 April 2024	200	200
Additions	-	-
Disposals	(200)	(200)
At 31 March 2025	-	-
Amortisation		
At 1 April 2024	145	145
Charge for the period	55	55
Disposals	(200)	(200)
At 31 March 2025	-	-
Net book amount at 31 March 2025	-	-
Net book amount at 31 March 2024	55	55

The goodwill figure above represents the consideration paid on the acquisition of Jones Cassidy Brett on 29 January 2021 and Forde Campbell on 28 January 2022. No assets or liabilities were acquired as part of the acquisitions and therefore the consideration paid represents all of the goodwill above.

10 Tangible fixed assets

	Fixtures, fittings and equipment £'000	Total £'000
Cost		
At 1 April 2024	191	191
Additions	7	7
At 31 March 2025	198	198
Depreciation		
At 1 April 2024	66	66
Charge for the period	39	39
At 31 March 2025	105	105
Net book amount at 31 March 2025	93	93
Net book amount at 31 March 2024	125	125

11 Debtors

	2025 £'000	2024 £'000
Trade debtors	457	958
Amounts due from parent undertaking	1,034	-
Amounts recoverable on contracts	22	13
Prepayments and accrued income	82	76
	1,595	1,047

12 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2025 £'000	2024 £'000
Trade creditors	46	134
Amounts due to parent undertaking	236	112
Other Tax and Social Security	52	914
Accruals and other creditors	309	236
	643	1,396

13 Leasing commitments

The LLP's future minimum operating lease payments are as follows:

	2025 £'000	2024 £'000
Within one year	120	120
Between one and five years	480	480
After five years	240	360

14 Transactions with related parties

The LLP has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard 102 and has not disclosed transactions with other entities in the same group on the grounds that it is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of Lewis Silkin LLP, whose consolidated financial statements are publicly available at Arbor, 255 Blackfriars Road, London, SE1 9AX, UK.

Ultimate Controlling Party

The members consider that the ultimate parent undertaking is Lewis Silkin LLP. The LLP is incorporated in England and the registered office is Arbor, 255 Blackfriars Road, London, SE1 9AX. Lewis Silkin LLP is the smallest and largest group into which Lewis Silkin (N.I.) LLP is consolidated.

15 Members' interests

	Debt			Total members' interests £'000
	Loans and other debts due to members less any amounts due from members in debtors			
	Members' capital (classified as debt) £'000	Other amounts	Total	
	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Amounts due to members	357	-	357	357
Amounts due from members	-	(407)	(407)	(407)
Balance at 31 March 2023	357	(407)	(50)	(50)
Members' remuneration charged as an expense	-	1,168	1,168	1,168
Members' interests after profit for the period	357	761	1,118	1,118
Introduced by members	28	-	28	28
Drawings and distributions	-	(209)	(209)	(209)
Amounts due to members	385	552	937	937
Amounts due from members	-	-	-	-
Balance at 31 March 2024	385	552	937	937
Members' remuneration charged as an expense	-	2,144	2,144	2,144
Members' interests after profit for the period	385	2,696	3,081	3,081
Introduced by members	57	-	57	57
Drawings and distributions	-	(1,318)	(1,318)	(1,318)
Amounts due to members	442	1,378	1,820	1,820
Amounts due from members	-	-	-	-
Balance at 31 March 2025	442	1,378	1,820	1,820

Members' capital ranks after unsecured creditors. Other amounts due to members and other reserves classified as equity rank pari passu with unsecured creditors in the event of a winding up.