

**CLIMATE ECOLOGY AWARENESS LTD
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2022**

Climate Ecology Awareness Ltd
Financial Statements
For The Year Ended 30 November 2022

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Climate Ecology Awareness Ltd
Balance Sheet
As At 30 November 2022

Registered number: 13766708

		2022	
	Notes	£	£
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	4	16,382	
Cash at bank and in hand		235,676	
		252,058	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	5	(253,757)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			(1,699)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			(1,699)
NET LIABILITIES			(1,699)
Income and Expenditure Account			(1,699)
MEMBERS' FUNDS			(1,699)

For the year ending 30 November 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Income and Expenditure Account.

On behalf of the board

Sarah Lunnon

Director

18th July 2023

The notes on pages 2 to 3 form part of these financial statements.

Climate Ecology Awareness Ltd
Notes to the Financial Statements
For The Year Ended 30 November 2022

1. General Information

Climate Ecology Awareness Ltd is a private company, limited by guarantee, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 13766708. The registered office is 128 City Road, London, EC1V 2NX.

2. Accounting Policies

2.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 section 1A Small Entities "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006.

2.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes donations and grants received, revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated grants or donations returned, customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Donations & Grants

Donations and grants are recognised only when there is reasonable assurance that (a) the entity will comply with any conditions attached to the grant and (b) the grant will be received.

The grant is recognised as income over the period necessary to match them with the related costs, for which they are intended to compensate, on a systematic basis.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

2.3. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable surplus for the year. Taxable surplus differs from surplus as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable surplus. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable surplus will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable surplus will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflect the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in surplus or deficit, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

3. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows: NIL

Climate Ecology Awareness Ltd
Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)
For The Year Ended 30 November 2022

4. Debtors

	2022
	£
Due within one year	
Other debtors	16,382
	<u>16,382</u>

5. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year

	2022
	£
Trade creditors	48,372
Other creditors	77,385
Accruals and deferred income	128,000
	<u>253,757</u>

6. Company limited by guarantee

The company is limited by guarantee and has no share capital.

Every member of the company undertakes to contribute to the assets of the company, in the event of a winding up, such an amount as may be required not exceeding £1.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.