

Unaudited Financial Statements
for the Period 29 January 2021 to 31 December 2021
for
Langford Group Ltd

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for the Period 29 January 2021 to 31 December 2021

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Balance Sheet
31 December 2021

	Notes	£
FIXED ASSETS		
Investments	4	40,003
CREDITORS		
Amounts falling due within one year	5	<u>(3)</u>
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		<u>(3)</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		<u>40,000</u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES		
Called up share capital		<u>40,000</u>
		<u>40,000</u>

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the period ended 31 December 2021.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2021 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 8 September 2022 and were signed on its behalf by:

Mr N Smerdon - Director

1. **STATUTORY INFORMATION**

Langford Group Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, domiciled in England, registration number 13167708. The registered office is Langley Sutton Court, Sutton Lanc, Langley, England, SL3 8AR.

2. **ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiary undertakings are recognised at cost.

Taxation

Taxation for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses. Provisions are discounted where the time value of money is material.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

3. **EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS**

The average number of employees during the period was 1 .

4. **FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS**

	Shares in group undertakings £
COST	
Additions	<u>40,003</u>
At 31 December 2021	<u>40,003</u>
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 December 2021	<u>40,003</u>

5. **CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR**

	£
Amounts owed to group undertakings	<u>3</u>

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.