Registered number: 11938310

KANYA TECH LTD
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2022

TaxQube Group

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Kanya Tech Ltd
Financial Statements
For The Year Ended 30 April 2022

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Kanya Tech Ltd
Balance Sheet
As at 30 April 2022

Registered number: 11938310

	Notes	2022		2021	
		£	£	£	£
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	3	67,071		83,878	
Cash at bank and in hand		249		196	
		67,320		84,074	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	4	(32,278)		(97,340)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			35,042		(13,266)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			35,042		(13,266)
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year	5		(31,994)		-
NET ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)			3,048		(13,266)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	6		1		1
Profit and Loss Account			3,047		(13,267)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			3,048		(13,266)

For the year ending 30 April 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

Mr Sarfraaz Patel

Director
20th January 2023

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these financial statements.

1. Accounting Policies

1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

1.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

1.3. Foreign Currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate ruling on the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

1.4. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

2. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows: NIL (2021: 1)

3. Debtors

	2022	2021
	£	£
Due within one year		
Trade debtors	868	83,878
	868	83,878
Due after more than one year		
Amounts owed by group undertakings	66,203	-
	66,203	-
	67,071	83,878

4. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year

	2022	2021
	£	£
Trade creditors	230	30,642
Bank loans and overdrafts	18	-
Corporation tax	771	-
VAT	3,364	-
Director's loan account	27,895	33,380
Amounts owed to group undertakings	-	33,318
	32,278	97,340

5. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year

	2022	2021
	£	£
Amounts owed to group undertakings	31,994	-
	31,994	-

6. Share Capital

	2022	2021
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	1	1

7. Related Party Transactions

-- During the year the company made sales to the following companies under common control.

1. KAYANA WORLD LIMITED - £57,703.40

2. SEASON CAR RENTAL LTD - £5,088.00

3. DIGITAL HOSPITALITY LTD - £143.82

-- At the balance sheet date, debtors include the following amounts from companies under common control

1. KAYANA WORLD LIMITED - £66,203.00

-- At the balance sheet date, creditors include the following amounts from companies under common control

1. DIGITAL HOSPITALITY LTD - £29,683.00

2. SEASON GROUP LTD - £2,311.00

-- At the balance sheet date, the company owed £27,895.39 to Mr Sarfraaz Patel, the director of the company. There are no agreed terms on this loan in relation to repayment or interest.

8. General Information

Kanya Tech Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 11938310 . The registered office is 45 Hertford Street, London, W1J 7SN.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.