Registered number: 11255607

M1 CAPITAL INVESTMENTS LIMITED
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2024

Garrison Accountants
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Kings Road, Tyseley
Birmingham
B11 2AL

M1 Capital Investments Limited
Contents

	Page
Balance Sheet	1—2
Notes to the Financial Statements	3—4

M1 Capital Investments Limited
Balance Sheet
As At 31 May 2024

Registered number: 11255607

	Notes	31 May 2024 £	31 May 2024 £	31 May 2023 £	31 May 2023 £
FIXED ASSETS					
Investment Properties	**4**		651,082		651,082
			651,082		651,082
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	**5**	35,746		48,343	
Cash at bank and in hand		25,743		33,135	
		61,489		81,478	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	**6**	(708,903)		(708,865)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			(647,414)		(627,387)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			3,668		23,695
NET ASSETS			3,668		23,695
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	**7**		100		100
Profit and Loss Account			3,568		23,595
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			3,668		23,695

For the year ending 31 May 2024 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

Mr Shafaq Ahmed

Director

27/02/2025

The notes on pages 3 to 4 form part of these financial statements.

1. General Information

M1 Capital Investments Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 11255607 . The registered office is 521 Green Lane , Small Heath , Birmingham, B9 5PT.

2. Accounting Policies

2.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 section 1A Small Entities "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006.

2.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

2.3. Investment Properties

All investment properties are carried at fair value determined annually and derived from the current market rents and investment property yields for comparable real estate, adjusted if necessary for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. No depreciation is provided for. Changes in fair value are recognised in the profit and loss account.

2.4. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflect the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

3. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was: 2 (2023:)

4. Investment Property

	31 May 2024
	£
Fair Value	
As at 1 June 2023 and 31 May 2024	651,082

5. Debtors

	31 May 2024	31 May 2023
	£	£
Due within one year		
Trade debtors	16,677	16,677
Other debtors	19,069	31,666
	35,746	48,343

6. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year

	31 May 2024	31 May 2023
	£	£
Corporation tax	(98,179)	(94,443)
Other taxes and social security	8,461	-
Other creditors	160,181	2,000
Accruals and deferred income	4,702	11,788
Director's loan account	633,738	789,520
	708,903	708,865

7. Share Capital

	31 May 2024	31 May 2023
	£	£
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	100	100

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.