

Company registration number: 11065708

Studiosity Limited

Filleted financial statements

31 December 2020

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Studiosity Limited

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Studiosity Limited

Director's responsibilities statement Year ended 31 December 2020

The director is responsible for preparing the director's report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the director must not approve the financial statements unless she is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable her to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Studiosity Limited

**Statement of financial position
31 December 2020**

	Note	2020 £	£	2019 £	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	5	<u>2,140</u>		<u>2,839</u>	
			2,140		2,839
Current assets					
Debtors	6	159,501		21,278	
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>17,365</u>		<u>293,555</u>	
		176,866		314,833	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	<u>(112,906)</u>		<u>(276,121)</u>	
Net current assets			63,960		38,712
Total assets less current liabilities			<u>66,100</u>		<u>41,551</u>
Net assets			<u>66,100</u>		<u>41,551</u>
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			1,000		1,000
Profit and loss account			<u>65,100</u>		<u>40,551</u>
Shareholders funds			<u>66,100</u>		<u>41,551</u>

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

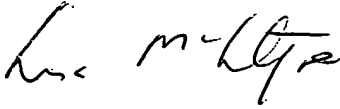
In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

The notes on pages 5 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

Studiosity Limited

Statement of financial position (continued)
31 December 2020

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 20 September 2021, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'L M McIntyre', written in a cursive style.

L M McIntyre
Director

Company registration number: 11065708

The notes on pages 5 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

Studiosity Limited

**Statement of changes in equity
Year ended 31 December 2020**

	Called up share capital £	Profit and loss account £	Total £
At 1 January 2019	1,000	14,414	15,414
Profit for the year		26,137	26,137
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	26,137	26,137
At 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020	1,000	40,551	41,551
Profit for the year		24,549	24,549
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	24,549	24,549
At 31 December 2020	1,000	65,100	66,100

Studiosity Limited

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2020

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England. The address of the registered office is 5 New Street Square, London, EC4A 3TW.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. The Triennial review 2017 amendments to the standard have been early adopted.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Studiosity Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 December 2020

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fittings fixtures and equipment - 33% straight line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Studiosity Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 December 2020

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

4. Staff costs

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 5 (2019: 6).

The aggregate payroll costs incurred during the year were:

	2020	2019
	£	£
Wages and salaries	235,871	353,424
Social security costs	23,418	39,629
Other pension costs	8,379	4,857
	<u>267,668</u>	<u>397,910</u>

Studiosity Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)
Year ended 31 December 2020

5. Tangible assets

	Fixtures, fittings and equipment £	Total £
Cost		
At 1 January 2020	4,173	4,173
Additions	1,042	1,042
Disposals	(549)	(549)
At 31 December 2020	<u>4,666</u>	<u>4,666</u>
Depreciation		
At 1 January 2020	1,334	1,334
Charge for the year	1,360	1,360
Disposals	(168)	(168)
At 31 December 2020	<u>2,526</u>	<u>2,526</u>
Carrying amount		
At 31 December 2020	<u>2,140</u>	<u>2,140</u>
At 31 December 2019	<u>2,839</u>	<u>2,839</u>

6. Debtors

	2020 £	2019 £
Amounts owed by group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest	122,707	-
Other debtors	36,794	21,278
	<u>159,501</u>	<u>21,278</u>

7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2020 £	2019 £
Trade creditors	40,329	242
Amounts owed to group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest	-	157,424
Corporation tax	6,292	6,144
Social security and other taxes	7,017	11,823
Other creditors	59,268	100,488
	<u>112,906</u>	<u>276,121</u>

Studiosity Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 December 2020

8. Operating leases

The company as lessee

The total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	2020 £	2019 £
Not later than 1 year	5,009	60,109
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	-	5,009
	<u>5,009</u>	<u>65,118</u>

9. Summary audit opinion

The auditor's report for the year dated 20 September 2021 was unqualified.

The senior statutory auditor was David Anthony Dickinson, for and on behalf of Francis Webbs Limited.

10. Related party transactions

The entire turnover of the company for the year (as well as the prior year) was derived from its immediate parent company as charges for costs incurred. These were charged on a "cost plus" basis. During the year the company advanced a loan to its immediate parent company. At the year end the company was owed £122,707 by its immediate parent company (2019: (£157,424)). The loan was interest free and repayable upon demand.

11. Controlling party

The smallest group for which consolidated financial statements are drawn up is headed by Studiosity Pty Ltd whose registered office is Tower 2 Darling Park, Level 16, 201 Sussex Street, Sydney, NSW2000, Australia.