Registered number: 11039607

FOURSQUARE FINANCIAL LTD
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE PERIOD 13 NOVEMBER 2017 TO 31 OCTOBER 2018

SAS Accountancy (SW) Ltd

Dukes Cottage
The Reddings
Compton Martin
Bristol
BS40 6AS

Foursquare Financial Ltd
Unaudited Financial Statements
For the Period 13 November 2017 to 31 October 2018

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Foursquare Financial Ltd
Balance Sheet
As at 31 October 2018

Registered number: 11039607

	Notes	Period to 31 October 2018 £	£
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible Assets	**3**		1,232
			1,232
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stocks	**4**	1,369	
Debtors	**5**	2,769	
Cash at bank and in hand		2,558	
		6,696	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	**6**	(7,156)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			(460)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			772
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			
Deferred Taxation			(234)
NET ASSETS			538
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	**7**		2
Profit and Loss Account			536
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			538

For the period ending 31 October 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.
- The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

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Mr James Coghlan **Mr Peter Sadler**

29/07/2019

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

1. Accounting Policies

1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

1.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

1.3. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Computer Equipment	33.33% on a straight line basis

1.4. Stocks and Work in Progress

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads. Work-in-progress is reflected in the accounts on a contract by contract basis by recording turnover and related costs as contract activity progresses.

1.5. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

2. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows:

	Period to 31 October 2018
Office and administration	2
	2

3. **Tangible Assets**

	Computer Equipment
	£
Cost	
As at 13 November 2017	-
Additions	1,847
As at 31 October 2018	1,847
Depreciation	
As at 13 November 2017	-
Provided during the period	615
As at 31 October 2018	615
Net Book Value	
As at 31 October 2018	1,232
As at 13 November 2017	-

4. **Stocks**

	Period to 31 October 2018
	£
Stock - materials and work in progress	1,369
	1,369

5. **Debtors**

	Period to 31 October 2018
	£
Due within one year	
Trade debtors	798
Prepayments and accrued income	1,075
Other debtors	896
	2,769

6. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year

	Period to 31 October 2018
	£
Trade creditors	655
Corporation tax	4,742
Other taxes and social security	6
Accruals and deferred income	1,172
Directors' loan accounts	581
	7,156

7. Share Capital

	Period to 31 October 2018
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	2

8. General Information

Foursquare Financial Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 11039607. The registered office is Homelea Cottage, The Common, Patchway, Bristol, BS34 6AS.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.