COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 10887174

OPTIMUS SECURITY SERVICES LIMITED

FILLETED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 July 2018

OPTIMUS SECURITY SERVICES LIMITED

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

31 July 2018

	Note	£	2018 £
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash at bank and in hand		**17,894**	
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	**4**	**17,129**	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			**765**
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			**765**
NET ASSETS			**765**
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital			**4**
Profit and loss account			**761**
SHAREHOLDERS FUNDS			**765**

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the income statement has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 July 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476 ;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 6 December 2018 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr E Graudins

Director

Company registration number: 10887174

OPTIMUS SECURITY SERVICES LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2018

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England. The address of the registered office is 1 Derby Road, Eastwood, Nottingham, NG16 3PA, United Kingdom.

2. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

3. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 16 .

4. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2018
	£
Corporation tax	**3,697**
Social security and other taxes	**9,298**
Other creditors	**4,134**
	17,129

5. Directors' advances, credits and guarantees

Included within creditors is an amount owing to the director of £3,654. This amount is interest free, unsecured and repayable upon demand.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.