

Registered number
10714708

B Coles Plumbing and Heating Ltd

Filleled Accounts

30 April 2023

B Coles Plumbing and Heating Ltd**Registered number:** 10714708**Balance Sheet****as at 30 April 2023**

	Notes	2023 £	2022 £
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	3	43,000	46,000
Tangible assets	4	18,139	23,195
		<u>61,139</u>	<u>69,195</u>
Current assets			
Stocks		5,000	5,000
Debtors	5	2,065	1,787
Cash at bank and in hand		214,485	158,002
		<u>221,550</u>	<u>164,789</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(58,245)	(73,155)
Net current assets		<u>163,305</u>	<u>91,634</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>224,444</u>	<u>160,829</u>
Provisions for liabilities		(3,446)	(4,407)
Net assets		<u>220,998</u>	<u>156,422</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		10	10
Profit and loss account		220,988	156,412
Shareholders' funds		<u>220,998</u>	<u>156,422</u>

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

C Coles

Director

Approved by the board on 30 November 2023

B Coles Plumbing and Heating Ltd

Notes to the Accounts

for the year ended 30 April 2023

1 Accounting policies

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Motor vehicles	25% reducing balance
Plant and machinery	15% reducing balance
Computer equipment	20% reducing balance

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal

of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Leased assets

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use and obligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest rate method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the company's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term and its useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2 Employees	2023	2022
	Number	Number
Average number of persons employed by the company	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
3 Intangible fixed assets		£
Goodwill:		
Cost		
At 1 May 2022		<u>60,000</u>
At 30 April 2023		<u>60,000</u>
Amortisation		
At 1 May 2022		14,000
Provided during the year		<u>3,000</u>
At 30 April 2023		<u>17,000</u>
Net book value		
At 30 April 2023		<u>43,000</u>
At 30 April 2022		<u>46,000</u>

Goodwill is being written off in equal annual instalments over its estimated economic life of 5 years.

4 Tangible fixed assets

	Land and buildings	Plant and machinery etc	Motor vehicles	Total
	£	£	£	£
Cost				
At 1 May 2022	750	3,223	32,141	36,114
Additions	-	669	-	669
At 30 April 2023	<u>750</u>	<u>3,892</u>	<u>32,141</u>	<u>36,783</u>
Depreciation				
At 1 May 2022	484	1,623	10,812	12,919
Charge for the year	53	340	5,332	5,725
At 30 April 2023	<u>537</u>	<u>1,963</u>	<u>16,144</u>	<u>18,644</u>
Net book value				
At 30 April 2023	<u>213</u>	<u>1,929</u>	<u>15,997</u>	<u>18,139</u>
At 30 April 2022	266	1,600	21,329	23,195

5 Debtors	2023	2022
	£	£
Other debtors	<u>2,065</u>	<u>1,787</u>

6 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2023	2022
	£	£
Trade creditors	958	6,293
Amounts owed to group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest	28,696	31,003
Taxation and social security costs	28,081	25,530
Other creditors	510	10,329
	<u>58,245</u>	<u>73,155</u>

7 Other information

B Coles Plumbing and Heating Ltd is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

4-5 Russell Court
Palace Street
Plymouth
Devon

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.