

Company registration number 10638708 (England and Wales)

CPN CLASSIC LIMITED

UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

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CPN CLASSIC LIMITED

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CPN CLASSIC LIMITED

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 31 MARCH 2022

		2022	2021
	Notes	£	£
Non-current assets			
Intangible assets	4	11,577	4,085
Property, plant and equipment	5	3,256	1,360
		<u>14,833</u>	<u>5,445</u>
Current assets			
Inventories		34,713	34,713
Trade and other receivables	6	7,688	8,481
Cash and cash equivalents		11,649	48,875
		<u>54,050</u>	<u>92,069</u>
Current liabilities	7	(218,554)	(130,858)
Net current liabilities		<u>(164,504)</u>	<u>(38,789)</u>
Net liabilities		<u>(149,671)</u>	<u>(33,344)</u>
Equity			
Called up share capital	8	150	150
Retained earnings		(149,821)	(33,494)
Total equity		<u>(149,671)</u>	<u>(33,344)</u>

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the income statement within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 31 March 2023 and are signed on its behalf by:

N Parker
Director

Company Registration No. 10638708

CPN CLASSIC LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

1 Accounting policies

Company information

CPN Classic Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Devonshire House, 1 Devonshire Street, London, W1W 5DR. The business address is 429-431 Rainham Road South, Dagenham, Essex, RM10 8XE.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, [modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value]. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

These accounts have been prepared on the going concern basis as the company's shareholders have confirmed their continued support and consider the company retains sufficient working capital to continue trading for the foreseeable future.

1.3 Revenue

Revenue is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer (usually on dispatch of the goods), the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

1.4 Intangible fixed assets other than goodwill

Intangible assets acquired separately from a business are recognised at cost and are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Intangible assets acquired on business combinations are recognised separately from goodwill at the acquisition date where it is probable that the expected future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the entity and the fair value of the asset can be measured reliably; the intangible asset arises from contractual or other legal rights; and the intangible asset is separable from the entity.

Amortisation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Software	4 years straight line
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1.5 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

CPN CLASSIC LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Plant and equipment	25% on cost
Fixtures and fittings	20% on cost

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.6 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

At each reporting date, an assessment is made for impairment. Any excess of the carrying amount of inventories over its estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell is recognised as an impairment loss in profit or loss. Reversals of impairment losses are also recognised in profit or loss.

1.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand and deposits held at call with banks.

1.8 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's statement of financial position when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include trade and other receivables and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

CPN CLASSIC LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other payables and loans from fellow group companies, are initially recognised at transaction price. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade payables are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.9 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.10 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or non-current assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

3 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 3 (2021 - 3).

CPN CLASSIC LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

4 Intangible fixed assets

	Other £
Cost	
At 1 April 2021	16,340
Additions	13,450
At 31 March 2022	29,790
Amortisation and impairment	
At 1 April 2021	12,255
Amortisation charged for the year	5,958
At 31 March 2022	18,213
Carrying amount	
At 31 March 2022	11,577
At 31 March 2021	4,085

5 Property, plant and equipment

	Plant and machinery etc £
Cost	
At 1 April 2021	2,266
Additions	3,134
At 31 March 2022	5,400
Depreciation and impairment	
At 1 April 2021	906
Depreciation charged in the year	1,238
At 31 March 2022	2,144
Carrying amount	
At 31 March 2022	3,256
At 31 March 2021	1,360

CPN CLASSIC LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

6	Trade and other receivables	2022	2021
		£	£
	Amounts falling due within one year:		
	Trade receivables	1,200	7,790
	Other receivables	6,488	691
		<u>7,688</u>	<u>8,481</u>
		<u><u>7,688</u></u>	<u><u>8,481</u></u>
7	Current liabilities	2022	2021
		£	£
	Trade payables	9,975	9,477
	Taxation and social security	3,085	-
	Other payables	205,494	121,381
		<u>218,554</u>	<u>130,858</u>
		<u><u>218,554</u></u>	<u><u>130,858</u></u>
8	Called up share capital	2022	2021
		£	£
	Ordinary share capital		
	Issued and fully paid		
	150 (2020: 150) Ordinary Shares of £1 each	150	150
		<u>150</u>	<u>150</u>
		<u><u>150</u></u>	<u><u>150</u></u>

CPN CLASSIC LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

9 Related party transactions

Included in other debtors is an amount owed from CPN Hainault Limited, a company with common directors and shareholders, of £426 (2021: £426).

Included in other creditors is an amount owed to AJC Automotive Services Limited, a company with common directors and shareholders, of £186,859 (2021: £116,686). This amount is interest free, unsecured and repayable on demand.

Included in trade creditors is £9,250 (2021:£9,250) owed to a director of the company following the sale of a motor vehicle.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.