

Company Registration No. 10245021 (England and Wales)

**COTSWOLD CARERS LTD**  
**UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2018**  
**PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR**

# COTSWOLD CARERS LTD

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# COTSWOLD CARERS LTD

## STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 31 AUGUST 2018

|                                              | Notes | 2018<br>£ | £       | 2017<br>£ | £     |
|----------------------------------------------|-------|-----------|---------|-----------|-------|
| <b>Non-current assets</b>                    |       |           |         |           |       |
| Property, plant and equipment                | 3     |           | 590     |           | 1,045 |
| <b>Current assets</b>                        |       |           |         |           |       |
| Trade and other receivables                  | 4     | 3,073     |         | 2,312     |       |
| Cash and cash equivalents                    |       | 16,385    |         | 25,557    |       |
|                                              |       | 19,458    |         | 27,869    |       |
| <b>Current liabilities</b>                   | 5     | (20,234)  |         | (26,519)  |       |
| <b>Net current (liabilities)/assets</b>      |       |           | (776)   |           | 1,350 |
| <b>Total assets less current liabilities</b> |       |           | (186)   |           | 2,395 |
| <b>Provisions for liabilities</b>            |       |           | (112)   |           | (199) |
| <b>Net (liabilities)/assets</b>              |       |           | (298)   |           | 2,196 |
| <b>Equity</b>                                |       |           |         |           |       |
| Called up share capital                      | 6     |           | 1,000   |           | 1,000 |
| Retained earnings                            |       |           | (1,298) |           | 1,196 |
| <b>Total equity</b>                          |       |           | (298)   |           | 2,196 |

The director of the company has elected not to include a copy of the income statement within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 August 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

## **COTSWOLD CARERS LTD**

### **STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED)**

***AS AT 31 AUGUST 2018***

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The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 12 February 2019 and are signed on its behalf by:

Miss K Martin

**Director**

**Company Registration No. 10245021**

# COTSWOLD CARERS LTD

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2018

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### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

Cotswold Carers LTD is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Cranfield, Paxford Road, Chipping Campden, Gloucestershire, GL55 6LA.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### 1.2 Going concern

These financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis. The directors have a reasonable expectation that the company will continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The directors expect the company to trade profitably in the future and will assist the company in paying its debts as they fall due.

#### 1.3 Revenue

Revenue is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes.

#### 1.4 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

|                       |                      |
|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Fixtures and fittings | 25% reducing balance |
| Computers             | 33% straight line    |

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

#### 1.5 Impairment of non-current assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

#### 1.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

# COTSWOLD CARERS LTD

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2018

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### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### 1.7 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's statement of financial position when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

##### **Basic financial assets**

Basic financial assets, which include trade and other receivables and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

##### **Classification of financial liabilities**

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

##### **Basic financial liabilities**

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other payables, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade payables are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### 1.8 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

#### 1.9 Derivatives

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value at the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured to fair value at each reporting end date. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately unless the derivative is designated and effective as a hedging instrument, in which event the timing of the recognition in profit or loss depends on the nature of the hedge relationship.

A derivative with a positive fair value is recognised as a financial asset, whereas a derivative with a negative fair value is recognised as a financial liability.

#### 1.10 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

# COTSWOLD CARERS LTD

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2018

### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### **Current tax**

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the income statement because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

#### **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the income statement, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

### 2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 6 (2017 - 6).

### 3 Property, plant and equipment

|                                        | Plant and machinery etc<br>£ |
|----------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| <b>Cost</b>                            |                              |
| At 1 September 2017 and 31 August 2018 | 1,500                        |
| <b>Depreciation and impairment</b>     |                              |
| At 1 September 2017                    | 455                          |
| Depreciation charged in the year       | 455                          |
| At 31 August 2018                      | 910                          |
| <b>Carrying amount</b>                 |                              |
| At 31 August 2018                      | 590                          |
| At 31 August 2017                      | 1,045                        |

## COTSWOLD CARERS LTD

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2018

|          |                                             |                      |                      |
|----------|---------------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| <b>4</b> | <b>Trade and other receivables</b>          | <b>2018</b>          | <b>2017</b>          |
|          |                                             | <b>£</b>             | <b>£</b>             |
|          | <b>Amounts falling due within one year:</b> |                      |                      |
|          | Trade receivables                           | -                    | 1,602                |
|          | Other receivables                           | 3,073                | 710                  |
|          |                                             | <u>3,073</u>         | <u>2,312</u>         |
|          |                                             | <u><u>3,073</u></u>  | <u><u>2,312</u></u>  |
|          |                                             |                      |                      |
| <b>5</b> | <b>Current liabilities</b>                  | <b>2018</b>          | <b>2017</b>          |
|          |                                             | <b>£</b>             | <b>£</b>             |
|          | Corporation tax                             | -                    | 2,242                |
|          | Other payables                              | 20,234               | 24,277               |
|          |                                             | <u>20,234</u>        | <u>26,519</u>        |
|          |                                             | <u><u>20,234</u></u> | <u><u>26,519</u></u> |
|          |                                             |                      |                      |
| <b>6</b> | <b>Called up share capital</b>              | <b>2018</b>          | <b>2017</b>          |
|          |                                             | <b>£</b>             | <b>£</b>             |
|          | <b>Ordinary share capital</b>               |                      |                      |
|          | <b>Issued and fully paid</b>                |                      |                      |
|          | 1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each            | 1,000                | 1,000                |
|          |                                             | <u>1,000</u>         | <u>1,000</u>         |
|          |                                             | <u><u>1,000</u></u>  | <u><u>1,000</u></u>  |

#### **7 Directors' transactions**

At the year end the director was owed £18,500 (2017: 22,657). The loan was interest free.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.