Registered number: 10200708

NEVERGEEK LTD
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE PERIOD 1 JUNE 2018 TO 31 MARCH 2019

MBL Business Services Ltd

Moushill Rough
Sandy Lane
Godalming
Surrey
GU8 5BL

Nevergeek Ltd
Unaudited Financial Statements
For the Period 1 June 2018 to 31 March 2019

Contents

	Page
Balance Sheet	1
Statement of Changes in Equity	3
Notes to the Financial Statements	4—6

Nevergeek Ltd
Balance Sheet
As at 31 March 2019

Registered number: 10200708

	Notes	Period to 31 March 2019		31 May 2018	
		£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	4		-		1,388
			-		1,388
CURRENT ASSETS					
Cash at bank and in hand		-		14,336	
		-		14,336	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	6	(137)		(5,217)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			(137)		9,119
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			(137)		10,507
NET ASSETS			(137)		10,507
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	7		1		1
Profit and Loss Account			(138)		10,506
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			(137)		10,507

For the period ending 31 March 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities

- The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.
- The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

Miss Nicola Nottingham

15/04/2019

The notes on pages 4 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

Nevergeek Ltd
Statement of Changes in Equity
For the Period 1 June 2018 to 31 March 2019

	Share Capital	Profit and Loss Account	Total
	£	£	£
As at 1 June 2017	1	6,522	6,523
Profit for the year and total comprehensive income	-	19,484	19,484
Dividends paid	-	(15,500)	(15,500)
As at 31 May 2018 and 1 June 2018	1	10,506	10,507
Loss for the period and total comprehensive income	-	(1,444)	(1,444)
Dividends paid	-	(9,200)	(9,200)
As at 31 March 2019	1	(138)	(137)

Nevergeek Ltd
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Period 1 June 2018 to 31 March 2019

1. Accounting Policies

1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

1.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

1.3. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Computer Equipment	50% straight line

1.4. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

2. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows:

	Period to 31 March 2019	31 May 2018
Office and administration	-	1
	-	1

Nevergeek Ltd
Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)
For the Period 1 June 2018 to 31 March 2019

4. **Tangible Assets**

	Computer Equipment
	£
Cost	
As at 1 June 2018	2,775
Disposals	(2,775)
As at 31 March 2019	-
Depreciation	
As at 1 June 2018	1,387
Disposals	(1,387)
As at 31 March 2019	-
Net Book Value	
As at 31 March 2019	-
As at 1 June 2018	1,388

5. **Debtors**

	Period to 31 March 2019	31 May 2018
	£	£
Due within one year		

6. **Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year**

	Period to 31 March 2019	31 May 2018
	£	£
Corporation tax	-	4,245
Accruals	-	780
Director's loan account	137	192
	137	5,217

7. **Share Capital**

	Period to 31 March 2019	31 May 2018
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	1	1

8. **Dividends**

	Period to 31 March 2019	31 May 2018
	£	£
On equity shares:		
Interim dividend paid	9,200	15,500
	9,200	15,500

9. **Ultimate Controlling Party**

The company's ultimate controlling party is N Nottingham by virtue of her ownership of 100% of the issued share capital in the company.

10. **General Information**

Nevergeek Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 10200708. The registered office is 13 ivybank, Godalming, Surrey, GU7 2JE.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.