

Greasy Kulture Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements
for the Year Ended 31 July 2017

Balance Accounts Limited
4 Beau Street
Bath
BA1 1QY

Greasy Kulture Limited

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Greasy Kulture Limited

Company Information

Director	Mr D G Bolton
Registered office	Unit 5 Prospect Park Thirsk Road Easingwold York North Yorkshire YO61 3HL
Accountants	Balance Accounts Limited 4 Beau Street Bath BA1 1QY

Greasy Kulture Limited
(Registration number: 09700721)
Balance Sheet as at 31 July 2017

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>3</u>	3,906	4,759
Debtors	<u>4</u>	2,426	-
Cash at bank and in hand		1,769	5,344
		8,101	10,103
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>5</u>	(14,952)	(15,440)
Net liabilities		(6,851)	(5,337)
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		100	100
Profit and loss account		(6,951)	(5,437)
Total equity		(6,851)	(5,337)

For the financial year ending 31 July 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the director on 30 April 2018

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Mr D G Bolton

Director

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form an integral part of these financial statements.
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Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2017

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England & Wales.

The address of its registered office is:

Unit 5 Prospect Park
Thirsk Road
Easingwold
York
North Yorkshire
YO61 3HL
United Kingdom

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 30 April 2018.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;
it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;
and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Greasy Kulture Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2017

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

3 Stocks

	2017 £	2016 £
Merchandise	3,906	4,759

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2017

4 Debtors

	2017 £	2016 £
Trade debtors	45	-
Prepayments	750	-
Other debtors	1,631	-
	<u>2,426</u>	<u>-</u>

5 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2017 £	2016 £
Due within one year		
Trade creditors	1,888	4,389
Taxation and social security	636	347
Accruals and deferred income	600	-
Other creditors	11,828	10,704
	<u>14,952</u>	<u>15,440</u>

6 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2017		2016	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary Shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100
	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>

7 Transition to FRS 102

There were no measurement or classification adjustments due on transition to FRS102.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.