

Homestyle Property UK Ltd

Unaudited Filleted Abridged Financial Statements
for the Year Ended 31 August 2023

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Homestyle Property UK Ltd

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Homestyle Property UK Ltd
(Registration number: 9186708)
Abridged Balance Sheet as at 31 August 2023

	Note	2023 £	2022 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>3</u>	10,678	14,161
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>4</u>	17,750	18,750
Debtors	<u>5</u>	8,771	8,197
Cash at bank and in hand		33,553	36,139
		60,074	63,086
Prepayments and accrued income		1,575	2,999
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		(32,254)	(33,163)
Net current assets		29,395	32,922
Total assets less current liabilities		40,073	47,083
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year		(11,168)	(18,333)
Provisions for liabilities		624	551
Accruals and deferred income		(868)	(868)
Net assets		28,661	28,433
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>6</u>	100	100
Retained earnings		28,561	28,333
Shareholders' funds		28,661	28,433

For the financial year ending 31 August 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

All of the company's members have consented to the preparation of an Abridged Balance Sheet in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

Homestyle Property UK Ltd

(Registration number: 9186708)

Abridged Balance Sheet as at 31 August 2023

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. As permitted by section 444 (5A) of the Companies Act 2006, the director has not delivered to the registrar a copy of the Profit and Loss Account.

Approved and authorised by the director on 14 May 2024

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Mr Stephen Alan Rimmer

Director

Homestyle Property UK Ltd

Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2023

1 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These abridged financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A smaller entities - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006 (as applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime).

Basis of preparation

These abridged financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

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Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2023

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class	Depreciation method and rate
Plant and machinery	20% Reducing balance method
Motor vehicles	25% Reducing balance method
Office equipment	33% Reducing balance method

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

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Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2023

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the profit and loss account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised at the lower of their fair value at inception of the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance costs in the profit and loss account and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

2 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 2 (2022 - 2).

Homestyle Property UK Ltd

Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2023

3 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Motor vehicles £	Other tangible assets £	Total £
Cost or valuation				
At 1 September 2022	692	23,755	1,004	25,451
Additions	-	-	108	108
At 31 August 2023	692	23,755	1,112	25,559
Depreciation				
At 1 September 2022	452	10,393	445	11,290
Charge for the year	118	3,340	133	3,591
At 31 August 2023	570	13,733	578	14,881
Carrying amount				
At 31 August 2023	122	10,022	534	10,678
At 31 August 2022	240	13,362	559	14,161

4 Stocks

	2023 £	2022 £
Other inventories	17,750	18,750

5 Debtors

Debtors includes £Nil (2022 - £Nil) due after more than one year.

6 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2023 No.	£	2022 No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100

Homestyle Property UK Ltd

Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2023

7 Dividends

Interim dividends paid

	2023 £	2022 £
Interim dividend of £470.00 (2022 - £110.00) per each Ordinary shares	47,000	11,000

Interim dividends paid

	2023 £	2022 £
Interim dividend of £470 (2022 - £110) per each Ordinary shares	47,000	11,000

8 Related party transactions

Homestyle Property UK Ltd

Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2023

Transactions with the director

	At 1 September 2022 £	Advances to director £	Other payments made to company by director £	At 31 August 2023 £
2023				
Mr Stephen Alan Rimmer				
Loan account	(184)	54,949	(54,998)	(233)

	At 1 September 2021 £	Advances to director £	Other payments made to company by director £	At 31 August 2022 £
2022				
Mr Stephen Alan Rimmer				
Loan account	(17,567)	30,942	(13,560)	(184)

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Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2023

Director's remuneration

The director's remuneration for the year was as follows:

	2023	2022
	£	£
Remuneration	<u>15,080</u>	<u>15,157</u>

In respect of the highest paid director:

	2023	2022
	£	£
Remuneration	<u>12,480</u>	<u>12,480</u>

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.