

Registered Number 09087521

BUILDING MASTERS LTD

Abbreviated Accounts

30 June 2015

Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2015

	Notes	2015	
		£	£
Fixed assets	2		
Tangible		4,140	
		<u>4,140</u>	<u></u>
Current assets			
Cash at bank and in hand		21,792	
Total current assets		<u>21,792</u>	<u></u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(18,049)	
Net current assets (liabilities)		3,743	
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>7,883</u>	<u></u>
Total net assets (liabilities)		<u>7,883</u>	<u></u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	4	100	
Profit and loss account		7,783	

Shareholders funds

7,883

- a. For the year ending 30 June 2015 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.
- b. The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- c. The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- d. These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the board on 09 March 2016

And signed on their behalf by:

Mr S SINGH, Director

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1068 of the Companies Act 2006.

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

For the year ending 30 June 2015

1 Accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2015).

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the period.

Fixed Assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Financial Instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities. Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability. Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity. The interest expense on the liability component is calculated applying the effective interest rate for the liability component of the instrument. The difference between this amount and any repayments is added to the carrying amount of the liability in the balance sheet.

Depreciation

Depreciation has been provided at the following rates in order to write off the assets over their estimated useful lives.

Motor Vehicles 20% Reducing balance

2 Fixed Assets

	Tangible Assets	Total
Cost or valuation	£	£
Additions	5,175	5,175
At 30 June 2015	<u>5,175</u>	<u>5,175</u>

At 30 June 2015	<u>0,175</u>	<u>0,175</u>
Depreciation		
Charge for year	<u>1,035</u>	<u>1,035</u>
At 30 June 2015	<u>1,035</u>	<u>1,035</u>
Net Book Value		
At 30 June 2015	4,140	4,140

3 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

4 Share capital

	2015
	£
Authorised share capital:	
1000 Ordinary of £1 each	1,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid:	
100 Ordinary of £1 each	100
Ordinary shares issued in the year:	
100 Ordinary shares of £1 each were issued in the year with a nominal value of £100, for a consideration of £100	