

Unaudited Financial Statements
for the Year Ended 31st March 2026
for
EIGHTSEVENTYSEVEN LIMITED

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for the year ended 31st March 2026

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EIGHTSEVENTYSEVEN LIMITED

Company Information for the year ended 31st March 2026

DIRECTOR:

Mr M Coe

REGISTERED OFFICE:

Monometer House
Rectory Grove
Leigh On Sea
Essex
SS9 2HN

REGISTERED NUMBER:

08928708 (England and Wales)

ACCOUNTANTS:

Barrons Limited
Chartered Accountants
Monometer House
Rectory Grove
Leigh on Sea
Essex
SS9 2HN

**Chartered Accountants' Report to the Director
on the Unaudited Financial Statements of
Eightseventyseven Limited**

The following reproduces the text of the report prepared for the director in respect of the company's annual unaudited financial statements. In accordance with the Companies Act 2006, the company is only required to file a Balance Sheet. Readers are cautioned that the Income Statement and certain other primary statements and the Report of the Director are not required to be filed with the Registrar of Companies.

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Eightseventyseven Limited for the year ended 31st March 2026 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity and the related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed within the ICAEW's regulations and guidance at <http://www.icaew.com/en/membership/regulations-standards-and-guidance>.

This report is made solely to the director of Eightseventyseven Limited in accordance with our terms of engagement. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of Eightseventyseven Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the director of Eightseventyseven Limited in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Eightseventyseven Limited and its director for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Eightseventyseven Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of Eightseventyseven Limited. You consider that Eightseventyseven Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Eightseventyseven Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

Barrons Limited
Chartered Accountants
Monometer House
Rectory Grove
Leigh on Sea
Essex
SS9 2HN

16th July 2026

Balance Sheet
31st March 2026

	Notes	2026 £	£	2025 £	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	4		376		502
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	5	6,600		6,300	
Cash at bank		<u>12,084</u>		<u>12,438</u>	
		18,684		18,738	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	6	<u>11,330</u>		<u>10,175</u>	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			<u>7,354</u>		<u>8,563</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			<u>7,730</u>		<u>9,065</u>
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			<u>94</u>		<u>126</u>
NET ASSETS			<u><u>7,636</u></u>		<u><u>8,939</u></u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital			100		100
Retained earnings			<u>7,536</u>		<u>8,839</u>
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			<u><u>7,636</u></u>		<u><u>8,939</u></u>

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31st March 2026.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2026 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

Balance Sheet - continued
31st March 2026

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Profit and Loss Account has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the director and authorised for issue on 16th July 2026 and were signed by:

Mr M Coe - Director

**Notes to the Financial Statements
for the year ended 31st March 2026**

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Eightseventyseven Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Turnover

Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the transaction; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less residual value over their estimated useful lives, using either a straight line or reducing balance method, as indicated below.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Plant and machinery etc -25% reducing balance

The asset's residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

**Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the year ended 31st March 2026**

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in profit and loss.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Balance Sheet when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Debtors

Basic financial assets, including trade and other debtors, are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Such assets are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are represented by cash in hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, and other short-term highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amount of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

Creditors

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other creditors, loans from third parties and loans from related parties, are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Such instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost using effective interest method, less any impairment.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 1 (2025 - 1) .

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the year ended 31st March 2026

4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Plant and
machinery
etc
£

COST

At 1st April 2025
and 31st March 20261,586

DEPRECIATION

At 1st April 2025

1,084

Charge for year

126

At 31st March 2026

1,210

NET BOOK VALUE

At 31st March 2026

376

At 31st March 2025

502

5. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

2026

2025

£

£

Trade debtors

6,6006,300

6. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

2026

2025

£

£

Taxation and social security

9,786

8,632

Other creditors

1,5441,54311,33010,175

7. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

As at the balance sheet date there was a director's current account balance totalling £1 (2025: £272).

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.