Registered number
08490421

LONDONIT365 LTD

Filleted Accounts

30 April 2018

LONDONIT365 LTD

Registered number: 08490421

Balance Sheet

as at 30 April 2018

	Notes		2018		2017
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	2		290		432
Current assets					
Cash at bank and in hand		6,041		11,190	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	3	(6,477)		(9,608)	
Net current (liabilities)/assets			(436)		1,582
Total assets less current liabilities			(146)		2,014
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	4		(8,906)		(1,463)
Net (liabilities)/assets			(9,052)		551
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			2		2
Profit and loss account			(9,054)		549
Shareholders' funds			(9,052)		551

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Asad Ali

Director

Approved by the board on 17 January 2019

LONDONIT365 LTD

Notes to the Accounts

for the year ended 30 April 2018

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery	33% reducing bal
Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment	33% reducing bal

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing

differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

2 Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and machinery etc
	£
Cost	
At 1 May 2017	1,235
At 30 April 2018	1,235
Depreciation	
At 1 May 2017	803
Charge for the year	142
At 30 April 2018	945
Net book value	
At 30 April 2018	290
At 30 April 2017	432

3 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2018	2017
	£	£
Taxation and social security costs	1,836	1,836
Other creditors	4,641	7,772
	6,477	9,608

4 Creditors: amounts falling due after one year

	2018	2017
	£	£
Bank loans	8,906	1,463

5 Other information

LONDONIT365 LTD is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

27 Old Gloucester Street

London

WC1N 3AX

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.