Registered number: 08461521

RICONDI INVESTMENTS LTD
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

Tony R Pomfret & Associates

37a High Street
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Ricondi Investments Ltd
Unaudited Financial Statements
For The Year Ended 30 September 2019

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Ricondi Investments Ltd
Balance Sheet
As at 30 September 2019

Registered number: 08461521

	Notes	2019 £	2019 £	2018 £	2018 £
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	**3**		970,265		963,049
			970,265		963,049
CURRENT ASSETS					
Cash at bank and in hand		38		4	
		38		4	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	**4**	(26,112)		(26,009)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			(26,074)		(26,005)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			944,191		937,044
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year	**5**		(855,266)		(865,136)
NET ASSETS			88,925		71,908
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	**6**		4		4
Profit and Loss Account			88,921		71,904
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			88,925		71,908

For the year ending 30 September 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.
- The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

Mr Antonio Ricotta

Director
10/06/2020

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

1. Accounting Policies

1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

1.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

1.3. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Freehold	Held at cost

1.4. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

2. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows:

	2019	2018
Office and administration	4	4
	4	4

3. Tangible Assets

	Land & Property Freehold £
Cost	
As at 1 October 2018	963,049
Additions	7,216
As at 30 September 2019	970,265
Net Book Value	
As at 30 September 2019	970,265
As at 1 October 2018	963,049

4. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year

	2019 £	2018 £
Bank loans and overdrafts	20,192	20,209
Other creditors	3,689	3,693
Taxation and social security	2,231	2,107
	26,112	26,009

5. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year

	2019 £	2018 £
Bank loans	219,127	239,087
Amounts owed by participating interests	636,139	626,049
	855,266	865,136

6. Share Capital

	2019	2018
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	4	4

7. Related Party Transactions

The Granite Centre

Mr A M Ricotta, Mr G Bondi, Mrs L Ricotta and Mrs S Bondi, who are directors of the company are also directors and shareholders in The Granite Centre Ltd. As at 30/09/19, the company owed £636,139 (2018 626,049) to The Granite Centre Ltd

Directors' Loan Accounts

At the balance sheet date, the company owed £2,669 (2018 £2,673) to Mr A M Ricotta and Mrs L Ricotta, who are directors and shareholders of the company.

8. Ultimate Controlling Party

the opinion of the directors, the company does not have an ultimate controller.

9. General Information

Ricondi Investments Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 08461521. The registered office is 37A High Street, Hoddesdon, Herts, EN11 8TA.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.