

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 08326310

C.L.C.A. Company Limited

Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements

31 December 2019

C.L.C.A. Company Limited

Statement of Financial Position

31 December 2019

		2019		2018	
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	5		21,494		7,240
Investments	6		1		—
			21,495		7,240
Current assets					
Debtors	7	1,457,883		413,465	
Cash at bank and in hand		65,263		243,580	
		1,523,146		657,045	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	434,949		164,229	
Net current assets			1,088,197		492,816
Total assets less current liabilities			1,109,692		500,056
Net assets			1,109,692		500,056
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	9		1		1
Profit and loss account			1,109,691		500,055
Shareholders funds			1,109,692		500,056

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31st December 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476 ;
- The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

C.L.C.A.Company Limited

Statement of Financial Position *(continued)*

31 December 2019

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 15 October 2020 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mrs C Adams

Director

Company registration number: 08326310

C.L.C.A.Company Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31st December 2019

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Moneybrook Lodge, Hereford Road, Shrewsbury, Shropshire, SY3 9LB.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss. The financial statements are presented in sterling which is the functional currency of the company and rounded to the nearest £.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered. When the outcome of a transaction involving the rendering of services can be reliably estimated, revenue from the rendering of services is measured by reference to the stage of completion of the service transaction at the end of the reporting period. When the outcome of a transaction involving the rendering of services cannot be reliably estimated, revenue is recognised only to the extent that expenses recognised are recoverable.

Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Operating leases

Lease payments are recognised as an expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis. The aggregate benefit of lease incentives is recognised as a reduction to expense over the lease term, on a straight-line basis.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fixtures and fittings	-	20% straight line
Motor vehicles	-	25% straight line

Investments

Fixed asset investments are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Listed investments are measured at fair value with changes in fair value being recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS102 to all of its financial instruments. Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, in which the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised. Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangement entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payment discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised. Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method. Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund. When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 75 (2018: 44).

5. Tangible assets

	Fixtures and fittings £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost			
At 1st January 2019	10,619	3,195	13,814
Additions	13,858	8,275	22,133
Disposals	(3,353)	(1,545)	(4,898)
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At 31st December 2019	21,124	9,925	31,049
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Depreciation			
At 1st January 2019	4,916	1,658	6,574
Charge for the year	3,728	2,350	6,078
Disposals	(2,679)	(418)	(3,097)
	-----	-----	-----
At 31st December 2019	5,965	3,590	9,555
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Carrying amount			
At 31st December 2019	15,159	6,335	21,494
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At 31st December 2018	5,703	1,537	7,240
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6. Investments

	Shares in group undertakings £
Cost	
At 1st January 2019	—
Additions	1

At 31st December 2019	1

Impairment	
At 1st January 2019 and 31st December 2019	—

Carrying amount	
At 31st December 2019	1

At 31st December 2018	—

7. Debtors

	2019	2018
	£	£
Trade debtors	627,043	297,372
Amounts owed by group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest	809,409	96,429
Other debtors	21,431	19,664
	<u>1,457,883</u>	<u>413,465</u>

8. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2019	2018
	£	£
Trade creditors	37,598	5,067
Amounts owed to group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest	111,064	60,000
Corporation tax	102,273	39,293
Social security and other taxes	58,384	20,675
Other creditors	125,630	39,194
	<u>434,949</u>	<u>164,229</u>

9. Called up share capital

Issued, called up and fully paid

	2019		2018	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £ 1 each	1	1	1	1
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10. Operating leases

The total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	2019	2018
	£	£
Not later than 1 year	20,520	—
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11. Director's advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the director entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

2019				
	Balance brought forward	Advances/ (credits) to the director	Amounts repaid	Balance outstanding
	£	£	£	£
Mrs C Adams	(1,467)	(163,174)	159,791	(4,850)
	-----	-----	-----	-----
2018				
	Balance brought forward	Advances/ (credits) to the director	Amounts repaid	Balance outstanding
	£	£	£	£
Mrs C Adams	(1,493)	(240,000)	240,026	(1,467)
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Interest is charged at 2.5% for any period the loan is overdrawn during the year. The loan is repayable on demand.

12. Related party transactions

Included within other creditors due within one year is a loan of £ 111,064 (£- 96,429 - 2018) owed to C.L.C.A. Staffing Limited , a fellow subsidiary. The non-interest bearing loan is repayable on demand. Included within other debtors due within one year is a loan of £ 201,305 (£- 60,000 - 2018) owed by C.L.C.A. Holdings Limited , the ultimate parent Company. The non-interest bearing loan is repayable on demand. Included within other debtors due within one year is a loan of £ 144 (£Nil - 2018) owed by C.L.C.A. Call Direct Limited , a fellow subsidiary. The non-interest bearing loan is repayable on demand. Included within other debtors due within one year is a loan of £ 607,960 (£Nil - 2018) owed by C.L.C.A. Assistance Limited , a wholly owned subsidiary. The non-interest bearing loan is repayable on demand. During the year a dividend of £187,000 (£500,000) was paid to C.L.C.A. Holdings Limited.

13. Controlling party

The company's parent undertaking is C.L.C.A Holdings Limited , a company incorporated in England and Wales.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.