

Ribbleton Tandoori Ltd

Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Ribbleton Tandoori Ltd

Company Number: 08106940

ABRIDGED BALANCE SHEET

as at 30 June 2018

	Notes	2018 £	2017 £
Fixed Assets			
Tangible assets	4	9,516	11,117
Current Assets			
Stocks		850	1,370
Debtors		2,471	5,946
Cash and cash equivalents		4,418	2,844
		7,739	10,160
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		(14,544)	(21,257)
Net Current Liabilities		(6,805)	(11,097)
Total Assets less Current Liabilities		2,711	20
Provisions for liabilities		319	1,114
Net Assets		3,030	1,134
Capital and Reserves			
Called up share capital		100	100
Profit and Loss Account		2,930	1,034
Equity attributable to owners of the company		3,030	1,134

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A (Small Entities).

All of the members have consented to the preparation of abridged accounts in accordance with section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under section 444 not to file the Abridged Profit and Loss Account and Director's Report.

For the financial year ended 30 June 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director confirms that the members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with

section 386 and for preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit and loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

Approved by the Director and authorised for issue on 14 March 2019

Mr. Najabat Ali

Director

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 30 June 2018

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Ribbleton Tandoori Ltd is a company limited by shares incorporated in United Kingdom. The registered office of the company is 213 Brockholes View, Preston, Lancashire, PR1 4XJ, United Kingdom. The financial statements have been presented in Pound Sterling (£) which is also the functional currency of the company.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the company for the year ended 30 June 2018 have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A (Small Entities) and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for certain properties and financial instruments that are measured at revalued amounts or fair values, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets. The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

Cash flow statement

The company has availed of the exemption in FRS 102 Section 1A from the requirement to prepare a Cash Flow Statement because it is classified as a small company.

Turnover

Turnover comprises the invoice value of goods supplied by the company, exclusive of trade discounts and value added tax.

Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus, the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost or at valuation, less accumulated depreciation. The charge to depreciation is calculated to write off the original cost or valuation of tangible fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives as follows:

Plant and machinery	- 15% Reducing balance
Fixtures, fittings and equipment	- 15% Reducing balance

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed annually for impairment in periods if events or changes in

circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Stocks are determined on a first-in first-out basis. Cost comprises expenditure incurred in the normal course of business in bringing stocks to their present location and condition. Full provision is made for obsolete and slow moving items. Net realisable value comprises actual or estimated selling price (net of trade discounts) less all further costs to completion or to be incurred in marketing and selling.

Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts except where the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases the receivables are stated at cost less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the company has a present legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the same value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

Employee benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The company also operates a defined benefit pension scheme for its employees providing benefits based on final pensionable pay. The assets of this scheme are also held separately from those of the company, being invested with pension fund managers.

Taxation and deferred taxation

Current tax represents the amount expected to be paid or recovered in respect of taxable profits for the year and is calculated using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the Balance Sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future. Timing differences are temporary differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements. Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are anticipated to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date.

Share capital of the company

Ordinary share capital

The ordinary share capital of the company is presented as equity.

3. EMPLOYEES

The average monthly number of employees, including director, during the year was 3, (2017 - 3).

4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Plant and machinery	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Total
	£	£	£
Cost			
At 1 July 2017	6,649	16,535	23,184
Additions	-	78	78
At 30 June 2018	6,649	16,613	23,262
Depreciation			
At 1 July 2017	3,394	8,673	12,067
Charge for the year	488	1,191	1,679
At 30 June 2018	3,882	9,864	13,746
Net book value			
At 30 June 2018	2,767	6,749	9,516
At 30 June 2017	3,255	7,862	11,117

5. CONTROLLING INTEREST

The director is considered to be ultimate controlling party of the company.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.