Registered number
07928821

White Space Publishing Limited

Filleted Accounts

31 January 2019

White Space Publishing Limited

Registered number: 07928821

Balance Sheet

as at 31 January 2019

	Notes		2019		2018
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	2		7,045		6,683
Investments	3		42,404		-
			49,449		6,683
Current assets					
Cash at bank and in hand		24,172		35,824	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	4	(30,813)		(34,023)	
Net current (liabilities)/assets			(6,641)		1,801
Net assets			42,808		8,484
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			2		2
Profit and loss account			42,806		8,482
Shareholder's funds			42,808		8,484

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Stuart Pinkney

Director

Approved by the board on 22 August 2019

White Space Publishing Limited

Notes to the Accounts

for the year ended 31 January 2019

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative amortisation and any accumulative impairment losses.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Computer equipment	25% reducing balance
Fixtures and fittings	25% reducing balance

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and

their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

2 Tangible fixed assets

	Computer equipment	Fixtures & fittings	Total
	£	£	£
Cost			
At 1 February 2018	15,034	1,715	16,749
Additions	2,277	433	2,710
At 31 January 2019	17,311	2,148	19,459
Depreciation			
At 1 February 2018	8,903	1,163	10,066
Charge for the year	2,102	246	2,348
At 31 January 2019	11,005	1,409	12,414
Net book value			
At 31 January 2019	6,306	739	7,045
At 31 January 2018	6,131	552	6,683

3 Investments

	Other investments
	£
Cost	
Additions	42,404
At 31 January 2019	42,404

4 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2019	2018
	£	£
Trade creditors	785	238
Corporation tax	18,871	16,624

Other taxes and social security costs	4,126	6,483
Other creditors	7,031	10,678
	30,813	34,023

5 Other information

White Space Publishing Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

10 Tower Mews

St Mark's Avenue

Salisbury

Wiltshire

SP1 3DJ

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.