

Dry Logs Limited

Unaudited Abbreviated Accounts

for the Year Ended 31 August 2015

Bolden & Long Chartered Accountants
36a Goring Road
Goring-by-Sea
Worthing
West Sussex
BN12 4AD

Dry Logs Limited
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The following reproduces the text of the accountants' report in respect of the company's annual financial statements, from which the abbreviated accounts (set out on pages 2 to 4) have been prepared.

**Chartered Accountants' Report to the Director on the Preparation of the Unaudited Statutory
Accounts of
Dry Logs Limited
for the Year Ended 31 August 2015**

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the accounts of Dry Logs Limited for the year ended 31 August 2015 set out on pages from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at icaew.com/membershandbook.

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of Dry Logs Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the accounts of Dry Logs Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to them, as a body, in this report in accordance with AAF 2/10 as detailed at icaew.com/compilation. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Dry Logs Limited and its Board of Directors as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Dry Logs Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory accounts that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and loss of Dry Logs Limited. You consider that Dry Logs Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the accounts of Dry Logs Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory accounts.

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Bolden & Long Chartered Accountants
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27 May 2016

Dry Logs Limited
(Registration number: 07748310)
Abbreviated Balance Sheet at 31 August 2015

	Note	2015 £	2014 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible fixed assets		25,043	31,305
Current assets			
Stocks		500	11,822
Debtors		90	8,722
Cash at bank and in hand		-	2,628
		590	23,172
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		(37,017)	(50,826)
Net current liabilities		(36,427)	(27,654)
Total assets less current liabilities		(11,384)	3,651
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year		-	(3,192)
Net (liabilities)/assets		(11,384)	459
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>3</u>	1	1
Profit and loss account		(11,385)	458
Shareholders' (deficit)/funds		(11,384)	459

For the year ending 31 August 2015 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime .

Approved by the director on 27 May 2016

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Mr G Brooks
Director

The notes on pages 3 to 4 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Dry Logs Limited
Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the Year Ended 31 August 2015
..... continued

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The full financial statements, from which these abbreviated accounts have been extracted, have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (Effective April 2008).

Turnover

Turnover represents amounts chargeable, net of value added tax, in respect of the sale of goods and services to customers.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on tangible fixed assets so as to write off the cost or valuation, less any estimated residual value, over their expected useful economic life

Asset class	Depreciation method and rate
Plant and equipment	20% reducing balance
Motor vehicles	20% reducing balance

Stock

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after due regard for obsolete and slow moving stocks. Net realisable value is based on selling price less anticipated costs to completion and selling costs.

Hire purchase and leasing

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged in the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term. Assets held under finance leases, which are leases where substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset have passed to the company, are capitalised in the balance sheet as tangible fixed assets and are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. The capital elements of future obligations under the leases are included as liabilities in the balance sheet. The interest element of the rental obligation is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease and represents a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding. Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised as tangible fixed assets and are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. The capital element of future finance payments is included within creditors. Finance charges are allocated to accounting periods over the length of the contract and represent a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Where shares are issued, any component that creates a financial liability of the company is presented as a liability in the balance sheet. The corresponding dividends relating to the liability component are charged as interest expense in the profit and loss account.

Dry Logs Limited
Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the Year Ended 31 August 2015
..... continued

2 Fixed assets

	Tangible assets	Total
	£	£
Cost		
At 1 September 2014	48,202	48,202
At 31 August 2015	48,202	48,202
Depreciation		
At 1 September 2014	16,897	16,897
Charge for the year	6,262	6,262
At 31 August 2015	23,159	23,159
Net book value		
At 31 August 2015	25,043	25,043
At 31 August 2014	31,305	31,305

3 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2015		2014	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	1	1	1	1

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.