

Company Registration No. 07708921 (England and Wales)

NEW BRIDGE HORIZONS LIMITED
COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017
PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR



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COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE
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**NEW BRIDGE HORIZONS LIMITED
COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE
BALANCE SHEET**

AS AT 31 AUGUST 2017

	Notes	2017 £	£	2016 £	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		7,767		17,129
Current assets					
Debtors	4	117,113		101,400	
Cash at bank and in hand		73,508		23,474	
		190,621		124,874	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(197,068)		(138,968)	
Net current liabilities			(6,447)		(14,094)
Total assets less current liabilities			1,320		3,035
Provisions for liabilities			(1,320)		(3,035)
Net assets			-		-

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the income and expenditure account within the financial statements.

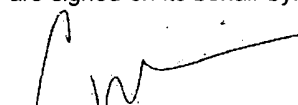
For the financial year ended 31 August 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 23 May 2018 and are signed on its behalf by:


G Quinn
Director

Company Registration No. 07708921

NEW BRIDGE HORIZONS LIMITED
COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

1 Accounting policies

Company information

New Bridge Horizons Limited is a private company limited by guarantee incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is C/o UHY Hacker Young, St James Building, 79 Oxford Street, Manchester, M1 6HT.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

These financial statements for the year ended 31 August 2017 are the first financial statements of New Bridge Horizons Limited prepared in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland. The date of transition to FRS 102 was 1 September 2015. The reported financial position and financial performance for the previous period are not affected by the transition to FRS 102.

1.2 Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared under the going concern basis which assumes that the company will continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. As at 31 August 2017 the company's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by £6,447. If the company was unable to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, adjustments would have to be made to reduce the balance sheet values to their recoverable amount and to provide for future liabilities that may arise and to reclassify fixed assets as current assets. Following review of post year end cash flow forecasts, the directors believe that it is appropriate for the financial statements to be prepared on a going concern basis.

1.3 Income and expenditure

Income and expenses are included in the financial statements as they become receivable or due.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Fixtures, fittings and equipment	20% straight line
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The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to surplus or deficit.

1.5 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand and deposits held at call with banks. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

NEW BRIDGE HORIZONS LIMITED
COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.6 Financial instruments

All debtors and creditors are short term and measured at transaction price less any impairment.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.7 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

NEW BRIDGE HORIZONS LIMITED
COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.8 Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to income on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the lease asset are consumed.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 9 (2016 - 8).

3 Tangible fixed assets

Fixtures, fittings and equipment
£

Cost

At 1 September 2016 and 31 August 2017 81,492

Depreciation and impairment

At 1 September 2016 64,363

Depreciation charged in the year 9,362

At 31 August 2017 73,725

Carrying amount

At 31 August 2017 7,767

At 31 August 2016 17,129

4 Debtors

	2017	2016
	£	£
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Trade debtors	67,907	68,959
Other debtors	49,206	32,441
	<u>117,113</u>	<u>101,400</u>

NEW BRIDGE HORIZONS LIMITED
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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

5 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2017	2016
	£	£
Trade creditors	2,586	-
Corporation tax	1,863	3,142
Other creditors	192,619	135,826
	<u>197,068</u>	<u>138,968</u>

6 Members' liability

The company is limited by guarantee, not having a share capital and consequently the liability of members is limited, subject to an undertaking by each member to contribute to the net assets or liabilities of the company on winding up such amounts as may be required not exceeding £1.

7 Operating lease commitments

Lessee

At the reporting end date the company had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, as follows:

2017	2016
£	£
<u>833,000</u>	<u>926,333</u>

8 Related party transactions

New Bridge Horizons Limited is related to New Bridge Multi Academy Trust by virtue of common directorships. During the year New Bridge Horizons Limited paid £518,309 (2016: £379,185) for services from New Bridge Multi Academy Trust.

New Bridge Horizons Limited received rental income from New Bridge Multi Academy Trust of £128,076 (2016: £Nil).

New Bridge Horizons Limited donated £110,867 (2016: £69,256) year end surplus to New Bridge Multi Academy Trust.

At the year end New Bridge Horizons Limited owed £115,810 (2016: £43,966) to New Bridge Multi Academy Trust.

Included in debtors is £31,146 (2016: £31,146) due from New Bridge Fund, a charity in which directors of New Bridge Horizons Limited are also trustees.