

Registered No. 07656708

Access Self Storage (Chelsea) Limited

Accounts for the year ended 31 March 2019



Access Self Storage (Chelsea) Limited

Balance sheet as at 31 March 2019

Accounts

	Notes	2019 £	2018 £
Fixed Assets			
Intangible fixed assets		-	-
Tangible fixed assets		-	-
		-	-
Current assets			
Debtors		57,000	57,000
Cash at bank and in hand		425,065	199,474
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(1,026,647)	(824,761)
Net current liabilities		(544,581)	(568,287)
Total assets less current liabilities		(544,581)	(568,287)
Creditors: amounts falling due after one year		-	-
Net assets/(liabilities)		(544,581)	(568,287)
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	2	1	1
Profit and loss account		(544,582)	(568,288)
Equity shareholders' (deficit) / funds		(544,581)	(568,287)

For the year ending 31/03/2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

the members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476,
the directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts
these accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The Directors have chosen not to include a copy of the Directors' report or a copy of the profit and loss account. This decision and these accounts are delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.



Director

28/11/2019
Date

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Access Self Storage Chelsea Limited

Notes to the accounts for the year ended 31 March 2019 (continued)

Notes to the accounts

1 Accounting policies

Turnover

Turnover should represent the rentals charged on the company's properties, excluding value added tax. It should arise wholly from the company's principal activity and all supplies should be made in the United Kingdom.

Tangible fixed assets

The cost of tangible fixed assets is their purchase cost, together with any incidental costs of acquisition.

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of tangible fixed assets, less their estimated residual values, on a straight-line basis over the expected useful economic lives of the assets concerned. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are:

Freehold and long leasehold buildings	30 to 40 years or over life of lease if less
Plant and machinery	10 years
Fixtures and fittings	4 to 10 years

Employees

The company had no employees in this period, or the previous one.

Intangible fixed assets

The cost of intangible fixed assets is their purchase cost, together with any incidental costs of acquisition.

2 Called up share capital

	2019	2018
	£	£
Allotted, called up and fully		
1 ordinary shares of £1	1	1